

Action Plan for 'Champion Services'

Why in news?

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The Union Cabinet has recently approved a Rs 50 billion fund to promote 12 "Champion Services".

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What is the proposal?

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- An action plan for 12 champion services sector was identified by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry. \n
- A Rs 5,000-crore fund is proposed to be established to activate the plan for realising the full potential of the sector.

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- The funds will be used to create services-specific plans. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- The sectors identified for special focus are: \n

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- 1. IT and IT enabled services (ITeS)
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- 2. tourism and hospitality n
- 3. medical value travel n
- 4. transport and logistics \n
- 5. accounting and finance n

- 6. audio visual
- 7. legal _{\n}
- 8. communication

\n9. construction and related engineering

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10. environment

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11. financial

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12. education

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• Ministries responsible for these sectors have to come up with the implementation timelines and a monitoring mechanism.

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- This is done under the overall guidance of the Committee of Secretaries (CoS) under the Cabinet Secretary. γ_n

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What are the objectives?

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• **Growth** - Services sector now accounts for over half of India's gross domestic product (GDP).

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• The move is expected to promote this further.

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- Through these focus sector, the government also targets raising the gross value added (GVA). $$\n$
- Services sector share in GVA is envisioned to be increased from about 53% in 2015-16 to 60% by 2022.

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- **Exports** The share of India's services sector in global services exports was 3.3% in 2015 as against 3.1% in 2014.
- The present proposal envisages a goal of 4.2 % to be achieved by 2022. $\nline{\label{eq:scalar}}$

- Increased productivity and competitiveness of the champion service sectors will further boost exports. $\gamman{\label{eq:linear} \label{eq:linear} \label{eq:linear} \end{array}}$
- Jobs Consequently, it is also expected to create more jobs.

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What is the significance?

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- The decision reflects a recognition of the critical role of the services sector. \n
- Manufacturing has not delivered the kind of employment potential that the government had hoped for. \n
- A dynamic services sector, on the other hand, holds out far greater promise in this respect.

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What are the concerns?

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• The issue of the foundations on which to build a strong services sector is uncertain.

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- Services, by definition, are people-intensive. $\slash n$
- But the present scenario is that basic functions are increasingly automated. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- Naturally, job opportunities will only lie higher up in the value chain of the knowledge economy. $\nglen n$

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What should be done?

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- Opportunities from the kind of relatively sophisticated services have to be maximised.
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- It demands a far higher standard of basic social infrastructure than India has at present.
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- **Education** India urgently needs to improve the all-round standard of education.

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• This is essential to provide for the knowledge workers to support India's IT and ITeS expansion.

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- Setting aside the IITs and IIMs, the delivery of most vocational and professional education lies in the private sector domain. \n
- However, the quality standards of these are widely varying. $\slash n$
- Spending funds on creating an "IIT/IIM" education model for these "champion services" could be a good start. \n
- Enabling environment Merely creating superior knowledge workers will be a zero-sum game if the enabling environment remains constrictive. \n
- India's long experience with brain drain stands as a proof for this. \n
- **Regulations** The whole exercise should also involve streamlining rules and regulations.

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• Increasing protectionism and regulations that restrict foreign investments should be given a relook.

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- Championing services demands a hard look at such micro-issues too. $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- Besides, the Champion Services programme would do well to build on this experience for other sectors of the economy too. \n

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Source: Economic Times, Business Standard

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