

Battling TB

What is the issue?

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- In 2015 alone, 4.8 lakh Indians died of the airborne disease.
- India's leading chest physician called it **"Ebola with wings"** on World Tuberculosis Day (March 24).

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How well is the access to TB medicines?

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- Two new TB drugs, Bedaquiline and Delamanid, being used in Europe and the United States for several years, are yet to be made available in India's national health-care system.
- The drug is available only in six sites across the country.
- According to Health Ministry's annual TB report released, only 207 patients have access to the drug needed by at least 79,000 patients.
- \bullet Herein lies the crux of the matter, making India's bureaucratic inertia the world's problem. $\mbox{\sc h}$
- TB does not respect geographical boundaries and patients continue to transmit drug-resistant forms of the disease due to the poor access to medicines.
- Not only does India shoulder the highest TB burden in the world, it also accounts for the most drug-resistant patients.

What does the TB report clarify?

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• In a major embarrassment for the government, WHO had to revise global TB estimates last year after India informed that it had been **under-reporting TB cases** from 2000 to 2015.

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- \bullet The global estimates were revised upwards to 10.4 million people infected with TB a jump of 5,00,000 from 2014.
- This apparent increase in the disease burden reflects the incorporation of more accurate data.
- With backward calculations, both TB incidence and mortality rates are decreasing from 2000 to 2015.

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Is the allotted budget is enough?

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• The budget estimates in the annual TB report are in fact lower than that of 2014-15. As against Rs 1,358 crore requested, the government approved Rs 710 crore in 2014-15.

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• In 2016, however, in the face of sharp criticism, the budget requested actually went down to Rs 1,000 crore and the approved budget was a measly Rs 640 crore.

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What is the way ahead?

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- Transmission of drug-resistant TB will continue unabated unless patients get early diagnosis and the right treatment.
- **India has to invest extensively** and urgently if it has to expand the testing facilities and get the drugs to the patients.

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• The government will soon be launching a new strategy, and Union Health Minister has announced that his Ministry will aim to "eliminate TB" by 2025.

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• Ensuring affordable and quality health care to the population must be the priority for the government and we should committed to achieving zero TB deaths and therefore we need to **re-strategise**, **think afresh** and have to be aggressive in our approach to end TB by 2025.

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Source: The Hindu

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