

Concerns with Data Protection Bill

What is the issue?

 $n\n$

\n

- The report seems to be misinterpreting the Supreme Court's right to privacy judgment.

 $n\n$

What was the court's order?

 $n\$

\n

• The Supreme Court earlier unanimously affirmed on the right to privacy as a fundamental right.

\n

- ullet The court imposed upon the government a clear obligation.
- It was to make a law safeguarding a person's informational privacy, commonly referred to as data protection.
- \bullet So clearly the Committee was formed within the ambit of, and even bound by, the Right to Privacy judgment. $\$

 $n\n$

What are the concerns?

 $n\n$

۱n

• Judgement - The recent recommendations undermine the legal principles

within the Right to Privacy judgement.

\n

• The judgement expressly stated the primacy of the individual as the beneficiary of fundamental rights.

\n

• It also rejected the argument that right to privacy could be dissolved for the cause of economic development.

\n

• **Priorities** - The priorities of the Srikrishna committee deviate from the basic points of the judgement.

\n

• The report is titled "A Free and Fair Digital Economy: Protecting Privacy, Empowering Indians".

\n

• It brings together the expansion of the digital economy and state control with the principles of the right to privacy judgment.

\n

• Clearly, it suggests the common good and the economy as the first priority and individuals, the second.

\n

 \bullet $Constitutional \ law$ - The report clearly suggests that the State is a facilitator of human progress.

۱n

 Notably, it says the State is guided in this process by Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP), rather than fundamental rights (FR).

• It thus ignores the very structure of the Constitution which keeps the FR enforceable and DPSP unenforceable.

\n

• The report leaves open to government's convenience, the realisation of its regulatory agenda.

\n

• But the judgement tasks the government to measure and justify its actions at every point it intrudes into privacy.

\n

• Language - The report's approach to rights gets to be a concern for the health of the democracy.

\n

• It states that rights are not "deontological categories", meaning that their realisation is subjected to other factors.

\n

• Such complicated wording and highly debatable content makes the report alien to the common citizens.

\n

What is the way forward?

 $n\n$

\n

- \bullet In all, the report seems to be making a compromise on the individual right for the ''collective good''. $\label{eq:compromise} \ ^{\text{h}}$
- But this stands in stark contrast to the right to privacy judgment.
- \bullet Preserving the true spirit of the judgement is essential for realising the values of freedom, autonomy and dignity. \n

 $n\$

 $n\n$

Source: The Hindu

\n

