

# **Curbing Mutual Fund Insider Trading**

# Why in news?

The SEBI's consultation paper has proposed to add specific provisions to the Prohibition of Insider Trading Regulations to prevent insider trading in mutual fund units.

# What issues were pointed in the consultation paper?

Insider trading is the buying or selling of a publicly traded company's stock by someone who has non-public, material information about that stock.

- There have been recent instances of top AMC executives cashing out of funds ahead of adverse events that affected the value for public unitholders (the Franklin Templeton case).
- In many situations, insiders with access to unpublished information avoid losses or make unfair profits.
- MF insiders can get wind of redemption pressures, liquidity issues, fund manager exits and entries, and governance lapses or regulatory investigations ahead of others and act on such information.

### What has the consultation paper proposed?

- The consultation paper proposes tightening the screws on MF insider trading.
- **Declaring the closure period** It wants AMCs, like corporates, to declare a closure period ahead of specified material events during which designated AMC officials cannot buy or sell their own schemes.
- Closure period is the period when employees are in possession of a sensitive information like change in investment objective, material change in valuation of assets, conversion of an openended scheme to a closed ended scheme or vice-versa.
- **Expansion of "connected persons"** The current SEBI curbs on units possessing unpublished price sensitive information (UPSI) apply only to AMC employees while the new rules seek to extend the curbs to a range of 'connected' outsiders.
- 'Connected persons' have been defined to include employees of the sponsor and trustees of AMCs, fund registrars, fund accountants, AMFI officials, auditors, bankers and legal advisors.
- Any person who has been in frequent contact with an AMC, its sponsor or trustees in the two months prior to a material event, will also be deemed a 'connected person'.
- **Charging fund insiders** SEBI proposes charging fund insiders and others they deal with a fiduciary duty to not share UPSI, except for legitimate purposes.
- Any contravention of this provision should attract the stringent penalty clauses of the Prohibition of Insider Trading Regulations.

# What are the concerns with the consultation paper?

- **Broad and overlapping** The proposal has drawn some criticism from market participants for being too broad in scope and overlapping extant circulars.
- **Reduction of opportunities** Requiring MFs to share all price-sensitive information relating to their schemes or the AMC immediately on a public platform can reduce opportunities for MF insider trading.

#### What is the way forward?

- While SEBI can go ahead with these proposals after factoring in stakeholder feedback, tighter insider trading laws for mutual funds must perhaps go hand-in-hand with a stricter material disclosure regime for AMCs.
- SEBI must co-ordinate with AMFI to devise a centralised online platform where AMCs disclose all material information affecting unitholder interest in a timebound manner.

#### References

- 1. https://www.thehindubusinessline.com/opinion/curbing-mf-insider-trading/article65640079.ece
- $2. \ \, \underline{https://cafemutual.com/news/industry/24916-sebi-to-tighten-insider-trading-norms-for-mf-employees} \\$

