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Desalinization - A solution for water crisis

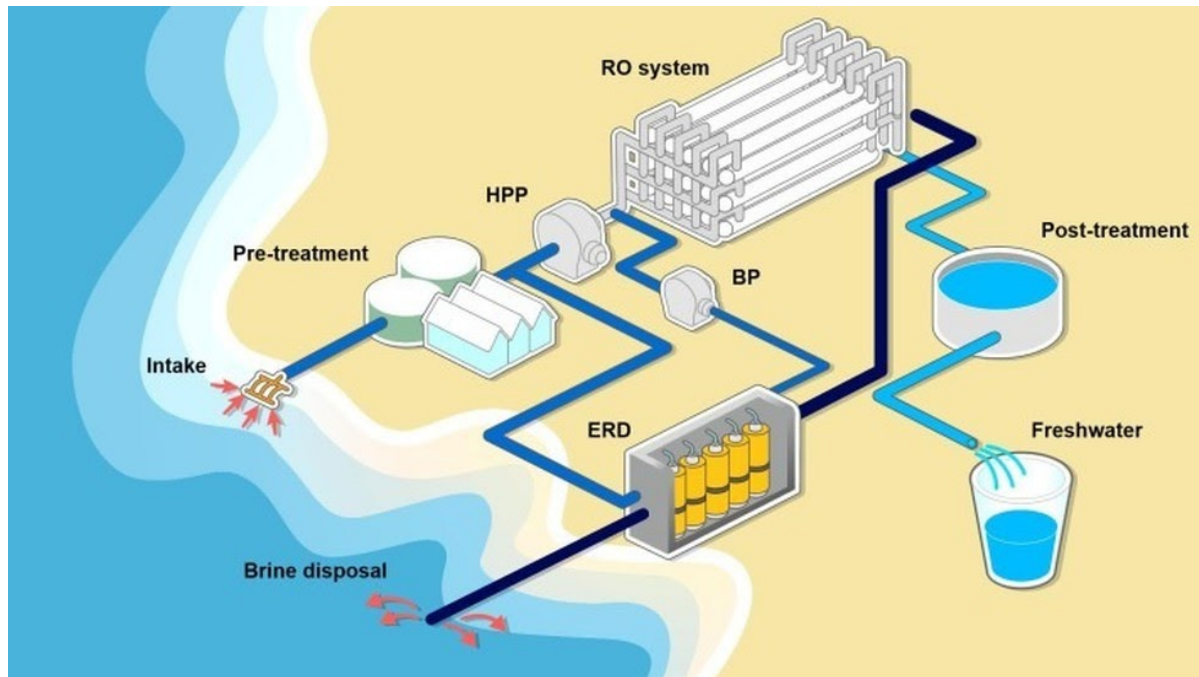
Why in news?

National Institute of Ocean Technology is about to set up green, self-powered desalination plant in Lakshadweep

What is desalination?

- Desalination is the process of removing salt from sea water so that it can be used for drinking, or for watering crops.
- Desalination uses thermal distillation or a reverse osmosis membrane to separate salt from the sea.
- Reverse osmosis involves applying external pressure to force solvents through a membrane from a high-solute concentration portion to a low-solute concentration area.

Around 47% of the world's desalinated water is produced in the Middle East and North Africa alone



What is the status of desalination plants in India?

- The first desalination plant in India is Minjur in Tamil Nadu state in the year 2010.
- The second plant was inaugurated at Nemmeli in Tamil Nadu.
- The second-largest desalination plant situated in Jamnagar of Gujarat
- [National Institute of Ocean Technology](#) to set up green, self-powered desalination plant in Lakshadweep.

What is Low Temperature Thermal Desalination (LTTD)?

- The [LTTD](#) is a process under which the warm surface seawater is flash evaporated at low pressure and the vapour is condensed with cold deep seawater.

What are the advantages of desalination?

- The cost of desalination plants have decreased tremendously
- The desalination plants could ensure water security throughout the year.
- Use of solar energy in desalination plants can mitigate climate change.
- The quality of the water is not compromised
- The source is unlimited
- Helps preserve current freshwater supplies

Sustainable Development Goal-6 (SDG-6) - Clean water and sanitation for all

What are the disadvantages of desalination?

- Emits more greenhouse gases
- High-salinity brine effluents affects the marine ecosystem
- May lead to hypoxia
- Exacerbate climate change if renewable energy is not used as source of power

- Chemical compounds involved in pre-treatment process can be toxic to marine organisms

What is the need of the hour?

- To use *renewable energy* to power desalination plants
- Safe Disposal of hypersaline wastewater or brine away from the marine organisms

Quick facts

- About 2.2 billion people in the world are deprived of access to safe water.
- Nearly three out of four natural disasters are linked to water, and a quarter of the planet lives without safely managed water services or clean drinking water.
- The World Water Day (WWD) has been observed on March 22 every year since 1993
- While around 70% of Earth's surface is covered with water, less than 1% per cent is actually drinkable.

References

1. [PIB | Low Temperature Thermal Desalination \(Ltttd\)](#)
2. [The Indian Express | Desalination Plants](#)



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