

FATE Action Plan for Pakistan

Why in news?

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Pakistan has been formally put on the grey list by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF).

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What is the Financial Action Task Force?

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• **Members** - With headquarters in Paris, FATF has 37 members.

• They include all 5 permanent members of the Security Council and other countries with economic influence.

• Two regional organisations, the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and the European Commission (EC) are also its members.

• Saudi Arabia and Israel are "observer countries" (partial membership).

• India became a full member in 2010.

• **Objective** - FATF acts as an 'international watchdog' on issues of money-laundering and financing of terrorism.

• It is empowered to curtail financing of UN-designated terrorist groups.

It can publicly sensor countries that are not abiding by its norms.

• It is to limit the concerned countries from sourcing financial flows internationally and thereby constraining them economically.

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What is the recent decision?

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• FATF earlier decided to place Pakistan in the grey list for inaction against terror funding.

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- It has now unanimously agreed to put into effect the above decision.
- \bullet The move comes as a response for Pakistan's inaction against terror funding.
- The Financial Action Task Force (FATF) has laid out a 10-point action plan for compliance with its guidelines.
- Pakistan has been instructed to take measures and to demonstrate the action on guidelines given.

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• UN-designated terrorists and banned terror outfits should be deprived of their resources.

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- Also, their sources of funding are to be choked.
- The designated ones include Hafiz Saeed and Masood Azhar, Taliban and Haqqani Network, Jaish-e-Mohammad, Lashkar-e-Taiba, and their affiliates.
- If Pakistan fails to implement the action plan, it could be included in the black list the next year.

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What are the guidelines?

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- Pakistan will have to take steps to ensure that terror funding risks are properly identified and assessed.
- Also, it will have to ensure that supervision is applied on a risk-sensitive basis.

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• Measures are to be taken to prevent financial institutions from indulging

in money laundering and terror funding.

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- \bullet It should take action against illegal financial operations, identify cash couriers and enforce controls on illicit movement of currency. \n
- It has been told to improve **coordination** between the provincial and federal authorities on combating terror funding.
- Enforcing effective **prosecution and conviction** of the designated persons, entities and their affiliates are specified.
- The FATF has also sought actions demonstrating effective implementation of targeted financial sanctions.

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What is Pakistan's response?

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• After 2012-15, this is the second time it has been grey-listed and is facing sanctions.

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• The placement on the 'grey list' could hurt Pakistan's economy as well as its international standing.

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- \bullet Pakistan had this time round made a high-level political commitment. $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- It has agreed to work with the global watchdog and the Asia Pacific Group, of which it is a member.

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• It would perceivably strengthen its anti-money laundering and counter terror-financing regime.

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Source: The Hindu

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