

# Food Corporation of India Directive - MSP Payment

#### Why in news?

Food Corporation of India's (FCI) Punjab office recently wrote to the director of food, civil supplies and consumer affairs seeking land records of farmers.

## What is the FCI directive and why?

- The FCI has requested to share the data of land records.
- It was also asked to convey to the FCI office where to find them so that FCI shall verify land records of farmers during Rabi marketing season (RMS) 2021-22 with regard to FCI's own purchase.
- The purpose is to make <u>direct online payment of Minimum Support Price</u> (MSP) to the land owners' bank accounts from the upcoming RMS.
- The issue of direct payment to farmers' accounts is something the Centre has been mulling for the past couple of years.
- The aim is to remove middlemen from the process.

# How many land owners are there in Punjab?

- There are around 10.93 lakh operational land holdings in Punjab as per the agricultural census 2015-16.
- But this does not mean that the number of agricultural land owners is also the same.
- The number of owners are more because in several cases, a single piece of land has many shareholders.
- According to records, there are around 16 lakh farmer land owners in Punjab and around 9.50 lakh cultivators.

# What is the problem with providing land records?

- There is no hindrance in providing land records.
- The main problem is that all the 16 lakh farm land owners are not cultivating their respective lands.
- According to the Punjab Land Revenue Act, the owner of the land is mentioned as khud kashtkar (self-cultivator) whether the person is

cultivating that land or not.

- In that case, providing the owners' bank accounts would not serve the purpose of making MSP payment.
- The MSP should technically go to the real cultivators of the land.
- Around 45-50% owners have given their lands on lease and are charging annual rent for that.
- The actual cultivators do not own that land while doing farming on it for decades.

#### What is the current practice?

- Currently, arhtiyas (commission agents) get the payments in their accounts, which they in turn pay to farmers through cheques.
- The Centre has to pay 2.5% commission to arhtiyas who facilitate procurement of the crop from farmers to government agencies.
- In this system, farmers get payment through their landlord who may not be residing in the local area.
- There is hardly anything in written in majority of land leasing cases.
- The name of the cultivator is hardly mentioned anywhere as everything goes on in good faith.
- Both landless farmers, and small and marginal farmers also take land on rent for cultivation.

## What will the implication of the new proposal be?

- Earlier too, this category (cultivators or landless) of farmers was deprived of benefits of several government schemes such as subsidies and direct benefit transfers.
- The cultivators do not receive these benefits or it is delayed by a year, as farmer owners do not pass it on to the cultivators.
- The same is likely to happen now for MSPs too.
- The actual cultivators may not get the MSP against sold crop as the money will go into the land owner account.
- There are no mechanisms in place to ensure that the cultivator would get his/her money on time from the land owner.
- Sometimes a cultivator takes land on lease from multiple landlords.
- This would further complicate the matter and he/she will be dependent on the owner of the land for payment of the MSP.
- Going by the land owners record will thus create inefficiency in the marketing process and will hit the income of the actual cultivators.
- Such measures of the government are only seen as attempts to run away from procurement in a phased manner.

#### How can this be addressed?

- The government can calculate the total land under the crop in the state.
  - For the past several years, the land under wheat is more or less the same and there is also not much difference in the productivity.
- The government can then make the payment to the state government, which will further make it to the farmers/cultivators.
- The government should make a law to safeguard the interests of both cultivator and land owner.
- It should also mention the name of cultivators in some records.

**Source: The Indian Express** 

