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GST Council Meet Highlights - June 2019

Why in news?

The 35th GST Council meeting (the first to be chaired by the new finance minister Nirmala Sitharaman) was held recently.

What are the highlights?

- **NAA** - The Council has decided to extend the tenure of *National Anti-profiteering Authority* (NAA) by another 2 years, till November 2021.
- It was originally scheduled to end this year. Click [here](#) to know more on National Anti-Profiteering Authority,
- The council also made the rules more stringent to ensure companies pass on the benefit of lower taxes to consumers.
- It thus approved the imposition of an additional penalty of up to 10% of the profited amount if companies do not pay fine in 30 days.
- At present, companies have to deposit a penalty of Rs 25,000.
- **Electronic Invoicing** - The council decided to introduce e-invoicing in a phased manner for business-to-business (B2B) transactions.
- E-invoicing would help tax authorities in combating the menace of tax evasion.
- Phase 1 is proposed to be voluntary and will be rolled out in January 2020.
- The council also gave in principle nod to an electronic invoicing system for companies and e-ticketing for multiplexes.
- E-tickets issued by registered multiplexes shall be deemed to be tax invoices.
- **Aadhaar** - Aadhaar has been approved as sufficient proof to obtain GST registration.
- **Returns filing** - The council extended the deadline to file annual GST returns for 2017-18 by 2 months to August 31.
- **EV tax rate** - Proposals to cut GST on electric vehicles (EVs) to 5% from 12% and on electric chargers to 12% from 18% have been referred to the *fitment committee*.
- The issue over fixing the GST rate on leased EVs has also been assigned to


the committee.

- **The taxation of lotteries** has been referred to the attorney general, seeking his view on the issue.
- [There has been a Calcutta High Court judgment and there is a petition before the Supreme Court in this regard.]
- Right now private and state-run lotteries face differential rates.
- A state-organised lottery attracts 12% GST while a state-authorised lottery attracts 28% tax.
- There is a dispute on whether a uniform tax rate should be imposed on lotteries or the current differential tax rate system should be continued.
- An eight-member group of state finance ministers could not reach a consensus on this.
- The attorney general will thus see if a product (being one good) can be taxed differently or not under the GST.
- **GSTAT** - The council decided on the location of state and area benches for the *GST Appellate Tribunal* (GSTAT) for various states and UTs with legislatures.
- It has been decided to have a common state bench for Sikkim, Nagaland, Manipur and Arunachal Pradesh.

First Show

KEY TAKEAWAYS

Anti-profiteering body's tenure extended	EV rate cut referred to fitment panel	E-invoice approved for B2B from Jan 2020	E-ticketing permitted for multiplexes
Anti-profiteering penalty norm strengthened	Aadhaar allowed for registration under GST	Annual return date extended by 2 months	



The GST Council passed a resolution acknowledging the role played by Arun Jaitley, former union finance minister and chairperson of the GST Council, in making the council a shining example of cooperative federalism.

How effective would NAA tenure extension be?

- The anti-profiteering system was meant to shield consumers against any sudden spike in prices after GST was rolled out in July 2017.
- This was to ensure that companies passed on savings from lower taxes to buyers.
- The NAA was earlier supposed to have a two-year sunset horizon.
- The extension of term of National Anti-profiteering Authority (NAA) now is an anticipated one.
- But it was expected that the government would come up with detailed guidelines and seek to restrict the same only in case of consumer complaints.
- Also, the industry demand for clarity on methodology for anti-profiteering has still not been addressed by the government.

- **Concern** - Companies should be free to respond to tax changes, in a manner determined by competitive dynamics and commercial considerations.
- The particularly complex changes such as the GST would have multiple conflicting effects on companies' costs.
- If competitive dynamics are weak and do not allow for a proper transmission of tax cuts, then that is the concern of the Competition Commission.
- So it is anyway unfair to assume that competition would not result in passing on cost reduction from lower taxes to consumers.
- Even if a temporary authority was required in the initial years of the GST introduction, the NAA should have been wound up within its stipulated time.
- **Other concerns** - GST Council has missed the chance to send positive signals to boost consumer demand.
- There was no any significant cut in tax rates to help spur consumer demand that has been weak in recent quarters.

Source: Economic Times, The Hindu

Quick Facts

GST Council

- The GST Council is a constitutional body established under Article 279A of Indian Constitution.
- It makes recommendations to the Union and State Government on issues related to Goods and Services Tax.
- The Council is chaired by the Union Finance Minister.
- Its other members include the Union State Minister of Revenue or Finance, and Ministers in-charge of Finance or Taxation of all the States.

Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal (GSTAT)

- GSTAT is the forum of second appeal in GST laws.
- The appeals against the orders in first appeals issued by the Appellate Authorities under the Central and State GST Acts lie before the GSTAT.
- It is the first common forum of dispute resolution between Centre and States.
- Chapter XVIII of the Central GST Act provides for the Appeal and Review Mechanism for dispute resolution under the GST Regime.
- It empowers the Central Government to constitute, on the recommendation of Council, an Appellate Tribunal.

Fitment Committee

- The rate fitment committee comprises of tax officials of the central and state governments.
- Its task is to evolve a principle and an appropriate methodology to determine rates for various supplies under GST.

Related News: [Concerns with Anti-Profiteering Authority](#)



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