

# India & China - A Shared Future

### What is the issue?

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- India & China have a lot of shared concerns and aspirations.  $\slashn$
- The maturity shown in easing the Doklam standoff could pave the way for a new chapter in the India China relationship.  $\n$

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### What accompanied the ending of Doklam standoff?

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- A consensus was reached to enhance mutual trust, focus on cooperation and manage differences.
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- Revitalizing a series of dialogues mechanisms and to promote youth and educational cooperation was also agreed upon.
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- Stress was laid on mutually seeing each other as development partners rather than as threats.

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 Above all, both sides have displayed their intent to conduct comprehensive dialogues to sort out any future differences.

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#### What have been notable areas of co-operation?

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• Business - Economic and trade cooperation between the two countries have

been gaining momentum steadily and crossed \$70 billion last year.  $\n$ 

- China has been for many years the largest trading partner of India.  $\n$
- More than 500 Chinese companies have invested and started business in India with a total investment of over \$5 billion.  $\n$
- Many Indian enterprises of IT, pharmacy and consultancy have entered the Chinese market.

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- Cultural People-to-people exchanges are also thriving with mutual visits having exceeded one million.
- Yoga, Darjeeling tea, and Bollywood movies have become fashionable among the Chinese youth.

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• Work is also on to hold the Annual Indian Tourism Conference in Yunnan province in China.

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- Lower Government exchanges China and India have established 14 pairs of sister cities and provinces.
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- Assam representatives attended the Hangzhou International Tea Export recently and China helped the Kerala government introduce rubber dams.  $\n$
- **High Diplomacy** Both the countries have maintained close high-level communications.

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- Top leaders have met more than a dozen times in past couple of years in bilateral and multilateral occasions.  $\gamman \ensuremath{\sc n}$
- Both countries share a common ground on issues like IMF reforms & WTO's Agreeement on Agriculture.
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## Source: The Hindu

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A Shankar IAS Academy Initiative