

# Iran Israel Conflict

### Why in news?

Iran launched drones and missiles towards Israel, in retaliation for an Israeli attack on its consulate that occurred in Damascus, Syria.

## **History of Iran and Israel relations**

- Iran was one of the first countries in the region to recognise Israel after its formation in 1948.
- **First Arab Israeli war** In 1948, the opposition of Arab states to Israel led to the first Arab-Israeli war. Iran was not a part of that conflict, and after Israel won, it established ties with the Jewish state. It made Iran the second Muslim-majority country after Turkey to take such a step.
- **Israel's diplomacy** It was part of Israel's "periphery doctrine", a strategy that aims to build alliances with non-Arab countries in the Middle East.
- **Pahlavi dynasty-** Under Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi, Iran maintained close ties with the US and Israel, even selling oil to Israel during Arab economic boycott.
- **Islamic Revolution, 1979** The overthrow of the Shah led to the establishment of a religious state in Iran, altering its stance on Israel to view it as an occupier of Palestinian territories.
- Iran's regional ambitions- Post revolution, Iran aimed to expand its influence, challenging regional powers like Saudi Arabia and Israel, both US allies.
- Iran Iraq accord, 1975- Iran ceased support for Kurdish-Iraqi separatists, reduced hostilities and affected Israel's strategic value to Iran.
- **Nuclear facility attack-** Israel periodically targeted Iran's nuclear facilities to hinder Iran's potential development of nuclear weapons.
- **Stuxnet cyberattack, 2010** US and Israel reportedly created Stuxnet, a computer virus that disrupt Iran's *Natanz nuclear facility*, marking a significant moment in cyber warfare.
- Iran's proxy support- Iran's support for militant groups like Hezbollah and Hamas, which oppose Israel and the US further escalate tensions between two countries.

#### What is the current issue?

- <u>Hamas attack</u>- On October 7, 2023 Hamas-led militants storm across the border into Israel, Hamas hopes that other regional adversaries of Israel would join the conflict.
- **Militants involvement** Hezbollah, Houthi which are backed by Iran have involved in Israel-Hamas, they pressure Israel to cease war with Hamas.
- **Damascus strike** Israeli war jets targeted an Iranian consulate in Syria, resulting in the death of senior Iranian military commanders.
- Iran aerial assault- Iran launched over 300 drones and missiles on Israel as a

- response to Damascus strike, a significant attack that was largely neutralized by Israel's defence system and international support.
- **Support from US-** US played a significant role in countering the attack, deploying air defence missiles and aircraft in the region.

#### What is India's stake in Iran Israel conflict?

• **Strategic balance-** India has managed to maintain diplomatic ties with both Iran and Israel, balancing its interests in the region for decades.

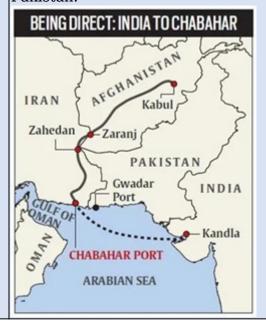
### **Israel**

- India recognised Israel in 1950 and <u>full</u> <u>diplomatic relations</u> were established after the opening of embassies in 1992.
- India has benefited from Israeli expertise and technologies in *agriculture* such as horticulture mechanization, protected cultivation etc.,
- The relationship with Israel is particularly strong in <u>defence and security</u>, with Israel being a major arms supplier to India.
- India-Israel cooperation in <u>S&T</u> is overseen by the Joint Committe on S&T, established under the S&T Cooperation Agreement signed in 1993.
- There are approximately 85,000 Jews of Indian-origin in Israel (with at least one Indian parent), who are all Israeli passport holders.



#### Iran

- India and Iran established <u>diplomatic links</u> in 1950.
- Iran has been a significant supplier of <u>crude oil</u> to India, although this has been affected by international sanctions.
- In 2018, India and Iran signed an Agreement for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with respect to taxes on income.
- Both India and Iran share concerns over terrorism, particularly from Pakistan and Afghanistan and the situation with Taliban.
- India over the years has emerged as one of the favourite tourist destinations for Iranian tourists and every year around 40,000 Iranians visit India for various purposes.
- <u>Chabahar port</u> project in Iran is backed by India, it is crucial for India's access to Afghanistan and Central Asia, bypassing Pakistan.



#### What lies ahead?

• India's consistent call for calm and restraint underscores its desire to maintain peace

- and prevent the escalation of hostilities within its borders and in the region.
- India's stance is a reflection of its broader foreign policy approach, which seeks to navigate complex international relations while upholding its national interests.

### **Quick facts**

## Regional groups supported by Iran

- **Hamas** It originated during the first Intifada in 1987 to establish a Palestinian state, it has governed the *Gaza Strip* since 2007.
- Palestine Islamic Jihad, 1979- It is the second-largest militant group in the <u>Gaza Strip</u> and the West Bank, it receives financial assistance and training from Iran.
- **Hezbollah-** It means "Party of God" set up by Iran's Revolutionary Guards in 1982 to fight Israeli forces that had invaded *Lebanon* that year.
- **Houthis-** They have been engaged in <u>Yemen's civil war</u> for over a decade, they attacked ships in the Red Sea during Israel Hamas conflict disrupting a major shipping route between Europe and Asia it is supported by Iran.
- **Popular mobilisation Forces** It is *Iraq's state sanctioned coalition* of paramilitary groups they maintain close ties with Iran's Revolutionary Guards.

#### References

- 1. <u>Indian Express- History of Iran-Israel relations</u>
- 2. Indian Express- Iran launches attack on Israel
- 3. Indian Express-India's stake in Iran-Israel conflict

