

# **Issues with Indian Internal security**

### What is the issue?

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Amid growing challenges within, India misses a modern security apparatus, strategic vision and a long-term plan.

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#### What are internal threats to India?

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There is long standing insurgency in Jammu and Kashmir.

• Various secessionist and rebel movements in the North East and Eastern regions.

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• Left wing extremism in red corridor states.

• Political instability created by non-secular forces.

 $\hbox{ \ \ } \hbox{ Uprising of the disappointed masses.} \\ \verb{\ \ } \hbox{ \ \ \ } \hbox{ \ \ } \hbox{ \ \ } \hbox{ \ \$ 

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# What are the issues with present internal security policies?

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- No adequate attention to strengthening the internal security apparatus.
- Liquidated National Security Advisory Board (NSAB).
- $\bullet$  Ignorance of the government to take ad hoc decisions on crucial matters.  $\ensuremath{\backslash} n$

- No long-term policy for Jammu and Kashmir.
- No strategic vision to tackle the Maoist insurgency.
- SMART police could never take off because of the indifference of the states.

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### What could be done?

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- The US and UK revise their national security doctrines every year and place them in the public domain, India can follow such ideas.
- British imperialists had one Police Act for the entire country, thus police reforms are need of the hour.
- There are threats to internal security by the Islamic state; **setting up a National Counter-Terrorism Centre (NCTC)** will help to address the issue.

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• The government need to setup dedicated autonomous bodies to strengthen our northern frontiers.

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 New formula of SAMADHAN to tackle the Naxal problems should be framed in a reliable way.

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### **Quick fact**

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## National security advisory board

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 The National Security Advisory Board consists of senior retired officials, civilian as well as military, academics and distinguished members of civil society.

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• They are drawn from and having expertise in Internal and External Security,

Foreign Affairs, Defence, Science & Technology and Economic Affairs.

- The NSAB meets at least once a month or more frequently as needed.
- Its principal function is to undertake long-term analysis of and provide perspectives on issues of national security.
- $\bullet$  Its policy recommendations and options are conveyed to the National Security Council for its consideration.  $\$

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**Source: The Indian Express** 

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