### Low retail inflation

#### Why in news?

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Consumer price inflation had slipped to 1.54%.

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### Why there is a reduced inflation?

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- Activity in the manufacturing sector has also slowed down.
- GST-related adjustment and subsequent destocking may have reduced industrial growth.

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## Why it is a matter of concern?

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- $\bullet$  Moderate inflation levels are needed to drive consumption, under the assumption that higher levels of spending are crucial for economic growth. \n
- Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) fixed the inflation levels to maintain in the zone between 2 and 4%.

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# What is now expected of the RBI?

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- RBI has been maintaining the Repo rate at 6.25% since October 2016.
- ullet Since the inflation is lower now, a cut in the rate is expected.

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### Why RBI should be cautious before lowering Repo?

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• Several State governments have taken fiscally expansive measures like loan waivers.

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• This is will increase the purchasing power of people which in turn might increase the inflation.

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• The monsoon and its effect on prices is yet to be felt.

• The impact of the introduction of the GST, will reflect in the prices.

• Increased allowances under the Seventh Central Pay Commission's award could also transmit into price gains.

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 $\bullet$  All these would have had a complementary effect of low inflation.  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$ 

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**Source: The Hindu** 

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