



Man-Animal Conflict

What is the issue?

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India is witnessing a rise in human-animal conflict. It is time to devise strategies to deal with the issue.

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What prompted this recent debate?

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- A tiger was crushed by a JCB near Corbett after a mob demanded 'justice' for deaths.

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- Two people from a labour camp working in forests near Corbett died after being reportedly attacked by the tiger.

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Is it a Mobocracy?

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- In the encounters between a wild animal and a group of people, there are casualties on both sides.

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- In several cases of conflict this year, it has been noted that **group of people have prevented the forest department from carrying out its duties.**

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- Rather than only focussing on a wild, snarling animal, a greater understanding of crowd dynamics is also called for.

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- In the case of elephants in Athgarh, conservationists have documented a mob

of people attacking the elephants almost daily.

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- Activists say **this is a form of entertainment for the people concerned**, as the elephants are not always harming people.
- Other mobs that have gathered around wildlife have clamoured for instant 'justice', gratification or resolution — in the form of killing the animal, beheading it, or parading it after its death.
- The symbolic control of an animal by killing it and then parading the carcass has not escaped judicial attention.
- A December order of the **Uttarakhand High Court** said that if animals were (legally) put down, their dead bodies could not be displayed or shown in the media.

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What is going wrong?

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- When going into an area inhabited by an obligate carnivore like a tiger, very few precautions are taken.
- **Most labour camps are not provided with protocol**, proper toilets, or monitoring to avoid work in the early morning or late night, and to move about only in groups.
- Many cases of conflict or aggression towards animals are **exacerbated by carelessness and existing human-human conflict or tensions**.
- The question is also linked to control and which groups or classes are interested in being dominant.
- The discourse around a wild animal, especially as it comes closer to people or human habitation, is that it is a criminal, a rogue, a stray, or a killer.
- **There is, however, very little reflection on the role of people in inciting a wild animal.**

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What is the way ahead?

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- We need solutions rather than revenge.

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- We need **proper cordoning off of areas** when wildlife comes close to people, with animal capture being done with full police involvement and not just with a helpless forest department.

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- We need **investigations and action against groups** that deliberately incite a panicked wild animal.

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Source: The Hindu

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