



## Mehta Panel Report on NPAs

### Why in news?

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The Sunil Mehta Committee submitted a five-point plan on bad loan resolution.

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### What are the key recommendations?

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- The Committee was set up for restructuring stressed assets and creating more value for public sector banks (PSBs).

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- It has proposed **Project Sashakt** to recover banks and stressed companies.

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- The five-pronged resolution route outlines five features for bank resolution:

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- i. an SME resolution approach

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- ii. bank-led resolution approach

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- iii. AMC/AIF led resolution approach

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- iv. NCLT/IBC approach

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- v. asset-trading platform

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- This route will be applicable to the following, which have a potential for turnaround -

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- i. smaller assets with exposure up to Rs.50 crore
- ii. mid-size assets between Rs.50 crore and Rs.500 crore
- iii. large assets with exposure of Rs.500 crore and more

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- **Large assets** - For large assets, an independent asset management company (AMC) will be set up.
- The resolution route is also applicable to larger assets already before the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT).
- It would also cover any other asset whose resolution is still pending.
- The process will cover both performing and non-performing assets.
- **Mid-size assets** - The committee called for a bank-led resolution approach for these.
- The resolution plan has to be approved by lenders holding at least 66% of the debt.
- The independent steering committee appointed by the Indian Banks Association (IBA) has to validate the process within 30 days.
- The resolution for this category would be achieved in 180 days.
- In this category, the key challenge would be to arrive at a consensus.
- This is because the exposure is held by multiple banks/lenders.
- **SMEs** - The committee suggested setting up of a steering committee by banks for SMEs resolution.
- This will formulate and validate the schemes, with a provision for additional

funds.

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- The resolution should be complete within 90 days.
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- It also suggested that the resolution be under a single bank's control.
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- The bank will have the liberty to customise the resolution process.
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- **AIF** - Alternative investment fund (AIF) would raise funds from institutional investors.
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- Banks would be given an option to invest in this fund if they wish.
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- AIFs can also bid for assets in National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT).
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- The lead bank can discover price discovery through the open auction route.
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### **What is the significance?**

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- The recommendations offer a transparent market-based solution and are fully compliant with RBI regulations.
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- It focusses on asset turnaround to ensure job protection and creation.
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- The resolution process would help bring in credible long-term external capital.
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- This could limit the burden on the domestic banking sector.
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- It could also ensure robust governance and credit architecture and prevent any build-up of NPAs in the future.
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**Source: BusinessLine**

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