Multidimensional Poverty Status

Why in news?

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- \bullet A survey conducted by Oxford finds that the country's 217 million children, nearly 50% endure multidimensional poverty. \n
- About 31% of the world's "multidimensionally poor" children live in India, according to a new report by the Oxford Poverty and Human Development Initiative (OPHI).

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What is importance of the issue?

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• A "multidimensionally poor" child is one who lacks at least one-third of ten indicators, grouped into three dimensions of poverty: health, education and standard of living.

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• The health dimension comprises indicators such as nutrition, child mortality, and education.

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 Under standard of living are indicators such as access to cooking fuel, improved sanitation, safe drinking water, electricity, flooring, and asset ownership.

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• In terms of the number of such multidimensionally poor children as a proportion of the total population, India stood 37th among 103 countries. \n

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What is the way forward?

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- In terms of absolute numbers, India accounts for both the highest and a staggering number of multi-dimensionally poor people.
- 528 million Indians are poor, which is more people than all the poor people living in Sub-Saharan Africa combined.
- multidimensionally poor children were "simultaneously deprived" in 58% of the indicators.
- the findings are "deeply disturbing", This is a wake-up call to the
 international community which has adopted the global Sustainable
 Development Goals and takes seriously Goal 1, the eradication of poverty in
 all its forms and dimensions.

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Source: The Hindu

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