

# **Multilateral Instrument (MLI)**

#### Why in news?

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India recently became the signatory of the Multilateral Instrument (MLI).

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#### What is MLI?

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- It is an agreement put out by OECD to prevent base erosion and profit shifting (BEPS).
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- It will help them crack down on abuse of bilateral tax treaties and treaty shopping.

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- India and 68 other jurisdictions became signatories of MLI.  $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- MLI will preside over 2,300 treaties worldwide.  $\nphin$
- It is expected to be transparent and balanced in dispute resolution.  $\slash n$
- Under GAAR, the taxman has powers to look into any corporate transactions.  $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- But MLI has set principal purpose test (PPT) and limit of benefit (LoB) measures, which if fulfilled will shield entities from "harassment".  $\n$

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### What is GAAR?

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• India has a similar arrangement called GAAR to prevent the abuse of treaty

for gaining undue tax benefit.

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- General Anti-Avoidance Rule (GAAR) was part of the 2012-13 Budget speech to check tax evasion and avoidance.
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- It was originally to be implemented from April 1, 2014 but came into effect from April 1, 2017.
- GAAR gives sweeping powers to the taxman.  $\n$
- It gives tax department the right to scrutinise transactions if they believe that they are structured for the purpose of avoiding taxes.  $\n$
- It contains provision allowing the government to prospectively tax overseas deals involving local assets.  $\gamman$
- There have been fears that the government may use it to target P-Notes.  $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- To avoid tax altogether under GAAR, an investor may have to prove that P-Notes were not set up specifically to avoid paying taxes.  $\n$

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# What are the issues?

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- It is unsure whether GAAR or the MLI will prevail over the other.  $\slash n$
- But the spirit of the MLI may be crushed if domestic laws override it in the event of conflicts.

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- MLI, Action Plan 6 states that where a conflict does arise, ordinarily MLI provisions will prevail.
- But a government document on GAAR explicitly states that the domestic law overrides every other law in case of disputes.  $\n$
- Also Mauritius and Singapore, the major contributors of FPI flow into India, are yet to sign the MLI.  $\n$
- If they keep India as a reserve country, and opt out of a deal with India, it raises the prospects of conflicts.

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## **Quick Fact**

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## **Base erosion and profit shifting (BEPS)**

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- It refers to tax planning strategies used by multinational companies to exploit gaps and mismatches in tax rules.
- They artificially shift profits to low or no-tax locations where there is little or no economic activity.

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- In general BEPS strategies are not illegal, rather they take advantage of different tax rules operating in different jurisdictions.  $\n$ 

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### **Source: Business Line**

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