

Need for an Anti-Superstition Law

What is the issue?

\n\n

\n

- There are many regions in the country which still witness human sacrifices, abuses and exploitation in the name of religion. \n
- India needs a targeted legislation to effectively curb such inhuman superstitious practices.

\n\n

What is the need?

\n\n

\n

• **IPC** - The provisions in the Indian Penal Code (IPC) is not equipped to take care of crimes committed on account of black magic and other superstitious practices.

\n

- The cognisance of human sacrifice is in the Indian Penal Code (IPC) only after the murder is committed. γ_n
- Nature The relationship between a devotee and so-called godman is of a peculiar nature, often marked by subtly identifiable violence. \n
- Also, the acts involving human sacrifice cannot be stopped as they are often preceded by some puja and offerings. \n
- These religious ceremonies are certainly not banned under any law. $\ensuremath{\sc n}$

\n\n

What is Maharashtra's legislation in this regard?

\n\n

∖n

- Maharashtra has implemented the Maharashtra Prevention and Eradication of Human Sacrifice and Other Inhuman, Evil and Aghori Practices and Black Magic Act, 2013.
 - \n
- This anti-superstition law primarily addresses exploitation in the name of religion.

\n

• The legislation has a capacity to act as a deterrent for many inhuman practices.

\n

• It has considerably curbed the act of human sacrifice as it is banned under the law.

\n

- A section in the legislation specifically addresses and checks claims made by 'godmen' who say they have supernatural powers. \n
- The law also makes it possible to curtail activities of so-called godmen before they become too powerful. \n

\n\n

What is the way forward?

\n\n

\n

- Opponents to the legislation in Maharashtra had claimed that the law would affect the religious practices of the Hindus. \n
- However, superstitious practices that are utterly dehumanising, brutal and exploitative need to be dealt with by a specific law. \n
- India should seriously consider bringing in place a legislation similar to that of the Maharashtra anti-superstition law. \n
- It is not to be denied that every superstition could not be removed by the force of law; social and mental changes are also necessary. \n

\n\n

Source: The Hindu

∖n





A Shankar IAS Academy Initiative