# **New Industrial Policy**

### Why in news?

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The government is working on a new industrial policy to make the manufacturing prospects in the country better.

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## What is the aim of the policy?

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- It subsumes the National Manufacturing Policy.
- It primarily aims at making **India a manufacturing hub**.
- The Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, the nodal body for the new Policy, has floated a **discussion paper** inviting feedbacks.
- Focus groups, with members from government departments, industry associations, academia, and think tanks have been set up to look into the challenges faced by the industry.
- Six thematic focus groups include manufacturing and MSME, technology and innovation, ease of doing business, infrastructure, investment, trade and fiscal policy, skills and employability.
- Besides, a **Task Force on Artificial Intelligence** for India's economic transformation has also been constituted to provide inputs for the policy.

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#### What is the need?

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- Since the last Industrial Policy announced in 1991, India has witnessed transformation into one of the fastest growing economies in the world.
- It is now required to deploy a different set of ideas and strategies to build a globally competitive Indian industry.
- As the discussion paper highlights, there are certain constraints to industrial growth that have to be addressed.
- This include -\n

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1. inadequate infrastructure

2. restrictive labour laws

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3. complicated business environment

4. slow technology adoption

5. low productivity

7. challenges for trade including the Indian MSME sector facing tough competition from cheap imports from China and FTA countries

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## What are the features of the policy?

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It proposes to incorporate a range of measures for the following -

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- $\bullet$  Facilitating the use of smart technologies such as internet of things (iot), artificial intelligence (AI) and robotics for advanced manufacturing. \n
- Increasing the number of global Indian firms helping attract inward FDI and supporting outward FDI to assert Indian presence in world markets.

- $\bullet$  Addressing the problem of low job creation in the formal sector. \n
- Enhancing industrial competitiveness
- Developing alternatives to banks and improving access to capital for msmes through options like the peer to peer lending and crowd funding.
- Providing a credit rating mechanism for msmes.
- Addressing the problems with duty structure and also balancing it against obligations under multilateral or bilateral trade agreements.
- $\bullet$  Ensuring minimal/zero waste from industrial activities and targeting certain sectors to radically cut emissions.  $\mbox{\sc h}$
- Reviewing the FDI policy to ensure that it facilitates greater technology transfer, leverages strategic linkages and innovation.

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**Source: The Hindu** 

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