

ODL - A New Class of Anti-biotic

What is the issue?

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- Researchers have reported the discovery of a new class of antibiotics called ODLs, whose operational mechanism is very unique. \n
- This also offers hope for overcoming the menace of drug resistance. $\ensuremath{\sc n}$

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How does the new drug function?

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- This new class of anti-biotic is unique and promising on two fronts its unconventional source and its distinct way of killing bacteria.
- Both of this suggests that the compound may be effective at treating drugresistant or hard-to-treat infections.
- The Study Odilorhabdin (or ODL) are antibiotics that are produced by special bacteria that are found inside the soil-dwelling "nematode worms". \n
- These bacteria live inside the said worms and are engaged in a symbiotic relationship with the insect for food. \n
- They are said to secrete antibiotics to keep competing bacteria away of which, 80 cultured secretion strains were analysed by researches. \n
- Active compounds were also isolated and studied for engineering enhanced versions of the secretions for bettering their effectiveness. \n
- The Mechanism ODLs were found to act on the ribosome of other

bacteria, which is the molecular machine that makes the vital proteins. \n

- While many clinically useful antibiotics also target ribosome, ODLs are unique because they bind to a place on the ribosome that has never been used by other known antibiotics.
- When bound to the ribosome, ODL antibiotics disrupts the ribosome's ability to read, interpret and translate genetic code and thereby hinders reproduction.

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- This leads to miscoding of proteins, which make newer bacterial off-springs to be born defective - thereby they die out soon and get annihilation. \n

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How does its potency fare?

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- Researchers tested ODL compounds against bacterial pathogens, including many known to develop resistance.
- ODL compounds were found to cure mice infected with several pathogenic bacteria and demonstrated very positive results. \n
- Many antibiotics can slow bacterial growth, but antibiotics like ODL that kill bacteria are rare thereby making this discovery a major breakthrough. \n

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Source: Indian Express

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