

Plastic Waste Management Rules 2018

Why in news?

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The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change has notified the Plastic Waste Management (Amendment) Rules 2018.

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What is the amendment about?

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- In 2016, Union government implemented the Plastic Waste Management Rules and Solid Waste Management Rules.
- \bullet But the rules faced various challenges. $\ensuremath{^{\backslash n}}$
- \bullet Based on representations received from various stakeholders, MoEF&CC had constituted a committee to resolve such issues. $\mbox{\sc holders}$
- \bullet The amendments are based on recommendations submitted to the Ministry.

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Multi-layer Barrier Film Schematic and Examples of Packaged Food Products



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What are the highlights?

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• The phasing out of Multi-layered Plastic (MLP) is now applicable only to MLP that are "non-recyclable or non-energy recoverable or have no alternate use".

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- MLP is most widely used in food packing Industries.
- \bullet The amended Rules prescribe a central registration system for the registration of the producer/importer/brand owner. $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$

• The system will be evolved by the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB).

• National registry has been prescribed for producers with presence in more than two states.

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- A state-level registration has been prescribed for smaller producers/brand owners operating within one or two states.
- Any mechanism for the registration should be automated.
- It should take into account ease of doing business for producers, recyclers and manufacturers.

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What are the shortfalls?

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- **Dilution** Many significant provisions of the earlier plastic waste management policy, 2016 have been discarded or diluted now.
- \bullet The Plastic Waste Management Amendment Rules 2018 has omitted the explicit pricing of carry bags mentioned in 2016 rule. $\$
- MLP Multi-layered plastics are supposed to be phased out.
- But these have been given a fresh lease of life by easing the norms concerned.

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- \bullet Only MLP that are "non-recyclable or non-energy recoverable or have no alternate use" are to be phased out. $\ensuremath{\backslash} n$
- \bullet This leaves hardly any category of multi-layered plastics to be phased out.
- Any product can be claimed to have some alternate use to escape the bar.
- **Producers** The new norms seem to have been crafted with an eye on ease of doing business.

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- This seems to be happening at the cost of the environment and public health due to plastic use.
- "Extended producer responsibility" bound plastic producers, importers and brand owners.

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- They are required to ensure environmentally sound management of their products till the end of their useful life.
- \bullet The new policy is soft on "extended producer responsibility". $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$

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What are the concerns with plastic toxicity in India?

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• India is reckoned to generate over 25,000 tonnes of plastic waste every day. \n

• The residues can stain the environment and natural resources for hundreds of years.

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• Plastic toxicity is known for its enduring adverse effects on territorial and aquatic life.

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• In food, it can alter human hormones to cause major life-threatening diseases.

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• Plastic materials, especially bags and bottles strewn on roads, have been noticed to cause flooding by blocking drains.

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• They also kill stray cattle by choking.

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What is the way forward?

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• Plastics are not totally dispensable as their use seems desirable in certain situations.

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- In fields like agriculture and automobiles, packaging, information technology and biomedical industries, they are relevant.
- But their non-degradability and emission of toxic gases on combustion and incineration are growing concerns.
- It is thus imperative to manage plastic debris appropriately.
- \bullet It would be advisable to reassess the new set of rules and switch back to the 2016 plastic waste management norms. $\mbox{\sc h}$

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Source: PIB, Business Standard

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