

Pollution control measures

What is the issue?

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• Despite various pollution control measures by the government, air quality is still in the 'very poor' or 'severe category'.

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• A multidimensional approach to addressing the menace of deteriorating air quality is vital.

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What are the policy shortfalls?

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• **Dirty fuels** - Currently, crude oil, petrol, diesel, jet fuel or aviation turbine fuel (ATF) and natural gas are not included in the GST.

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• The sale and supply of these continue to attract earlier taxes like excise duty and VAT.

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• So, while industries that use furnace oil-type fuel (dirty and toxic) are given the benefit of input tax credit, those on natural gas (clean) are left out under GST.

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 Such policy anomalies dissuade industries from being environmentally conscious.

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• **Pet Coke** - US has banned the use of this dirtiest fuel due to domestic pollution concerns, and China has stopped importing this fuel.

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- On the other hand, India continues to import pet coke from the US and allows it under the Open General Licence (OGL).
- While the SC recently banned Pet Coke's use in the Delhi NCR, industries are trying hard to circumvent the orders.
- **Automobiles** Automobiles are the biggest contributor to pollution, and significantly, diesel emissions are cancer causing.
- \bullet Currently, per vehicle emission is being reduced by improving engine efficiency, fuel quality and vehicle systems maintenance. \n
- However, a lot more vehicles are being added on roads, rendering the above measure meaningless.
- **Besides** these, the lack of regulations on construction procedures, garbage burning, crop burning, etc leads increasingly to deteriorating air quality.

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What are the possible solutions?

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- <u>Industrial</u>, <u>trade</u>, <u>tax and emission policies</u> should be designed to promote environment friendly practices.
- Efforts to ramp up <u>public transport</u> on massive scale are essential. \n
- Policies for promoting cycling and improving last-mile connectivity can also help in this regard.
- \bullet Farmers should be facilitated with <u>alternative use for crop residue</u> to address the concerns with crop burning.
- <u>Waste segregation</u> according to their recyclability and appropriate $\frac{1}{n}$ processing can reduce the risk of garbage fires in mounting garbage dumps.

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Quick Facts

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Pet Coke

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- Petroleum coke or petcoke is a carbonaceous solid delivered from oil refinery coker units or other cracking processes.
- \bullet It is a key input material for cement producers and a highly polluting fuel. $\ensuremath{^{\text{h}}}$
- It is sometimes a source of fine dust, which can get through the air passage and lodge in the lungs, causing serious health problems; though not proven to be carcinogenic(cancer causing).

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Open General Licence (OGL)

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- An Open General Licence (OGL) is a type of export licence issued by the government to domestic suppliers.
- \bullet These licences are issued with minimal restrictions. $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$

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Source: Business Standard

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