

Prelim Bits 09-05-2018

NABH (Nextgen Airports for Bharat) Nirman initiative

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• Minister for Civil Aviation stated that the government is committed to the building of airport capacity as part of NABH (NextGen Airports for BHarat) Nirman initiative.

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- The three key aspects of NABH Nirman are \n

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- 1. Fair and equitable land acquisition \n
- 2. Long-term master plan for airport and regional development and \n
- 3. Balanced economics for all stakeholders.

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• The air traffic of the country is increasing, both at domestic and international level.

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• India airlines flew highest-ever domestic passengers by flying about 117 passengers during 2017.

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UN report for social inclusion

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• The UN Economic and Social Survey of Asia and the Pacific 2018 was

launched recently.

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- It urged countries to take advantage of high growth rate and share the benefits with the national society.
- The report on the Asia-Pacific region has also urged the regional powers to invest in inclusive and sustainable growth.
- The report described South and Southwest Asia as the fastest growing subregion of the Asia-Pacific region.

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• It also highlights the need to increase the social spending by the government.

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• It is released by the UNESCAP (Economic and social commission for Asia-Pacific).

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AI for Accessibility

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 Microsoft is launching a \$25 million initiative to use artificial intelligence to build better technology for people with disabilities.

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- The Artificial Intelligence for accessibility initiative will include seed grants for startups, nonprofit organizations and academic researchers. \n
- Deeper investments and expertise from Microsoft researchers will also be provided.

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- Microsoft has experimented with accessibility tools, such as a "Seeing AI" Smartphone app using computer vision and narration to help people navigate if they're blind or have low vision.
- Microsoft's translation tool also provides deaf users with real-time captioning of conversations.

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Rariphotic Zone off the coast of Bermuda

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- Oxford scientists have discovered an ocean zone off the coast of Bermuda with over 100 species new to science. \n

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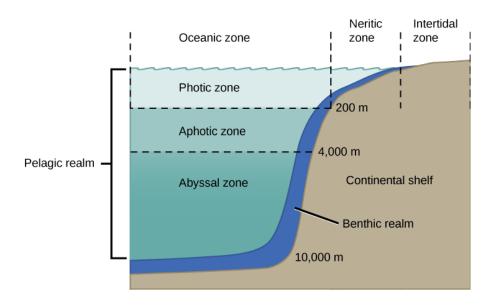
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• The Rariphotic Zone (rare light zone) extends from 130 meters to 300 meters in depth.

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- The zone joins five other areas which have distinct biological communities living and growing within them. \n





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- Tanaids minute crustaceans dozens of new algae species and black wire coral that stand up to two meters high are some of the new species found. \n
- The team has also discovered a major algal forest on the summit of an underwater mountain 24 km off the coast of Bermuda. \n
- There are over 100,000 underwater mountains in seas across the globe yet less than 50 have been biologically sampled in detail \n

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Purifying water using sunlight

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- Scientists have developed a new technology that uses the sunlight to purify water with near-perfect efficiency. \n
- Researchers developed a method that used black, carbon-dipped paper in a triangular shape and using it to both absorb and vaporize water. \n
- It is simple, and the power source the sun is available everywhere. \sc{n}
- This technique uses low cost materials against developing advanced materials, such as metallic plasmonic and carbon-based nanomaterials.
- The low-cost technology described could provide drinking water in regions where resources are scarce, or where natural disasters have struck. \n

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Share of tourism in green house gas emission

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- The team led by researchers at the University of Sydney in Australia found out that global comprehensive tourism footprint of tourism-related greenhouse gas emissions is larger than previously estimated. \n
- The world's domestic and international tourism industry contributes to 8% of the global greenhouse gas emissions. \n
- It is about four times greater than previously estimated. \slashn
- Small islands attract a disproportionate share of carbon emissions through international arrivals.
- The U.S. is responsible for the majority of tourism-generated emissions overall.
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- It is growing faster than international trade and is already responsible for almost a tenth of global GHGs. \n

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Source: PIB, The Hindu

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