



# IAS PARLIAMENT

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A Shankar IAS Academy Initiative

## Prelim Bits 17-08-2017

### Madhyamik and Uchchatar Shiksha Kosh

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- Cabinet has recently approved the setting up of a single corpus fund “Madhyamik and Uchchatar Shiksha Kosh (MUSK)”.

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- The proceeds of secondary and higher education cess will be credited to this fund.

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- It is a non-lapsable fund and it will be utilised for the government’s schemes in the education sector.

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### Elephant Census

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- The first-ever synchronised **All-India Elephant population estimation** was carried out by the Union Ministry of Environment.

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- Previously, various states used different methodologies and effort was not synchronised across the country.

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- According to the census, Karnataka has the highest number of elephants, followed by Assam and Kerala respectively.

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- The Asian Nature Conservation Foundation (ANCF) at IISc, Bengaluru aided the Project Elephant Directorate to carry out the Census.

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### Project Elephant

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- Project Elephant was launched by the Government of India in the year 1992 as a Centrally Sponsored Scheme.

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- The objectives are to protect elephants, their habitat & corridors, to address issues of man-animal conflict and welfare of captive elephants.

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## **Ecosystems Service Improvement Project**

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- India signs Global Environment Facility (GEF) Grant Agreement with the World Bank for Ecosystems Service Improvement Project.

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- The objective of the Project is to enhance forest ecosystem services and improve the livelihoods of forest dependent communities in Central Indian Highlands.

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- The Project will be implemented in the states of Chhattisgarh and Madhya Pradesh under the National Mission for Green India.

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- The project will be entirely financed by the World Bank out of its GEF Trust Fund.

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- The duration of the project is 5 years.

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## **Global Environment Facility (GEF)**

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- The Global Environment Facility was established in 1991 as a pilot program in the World Bank to assist in the protection of the global environment and to promote environmental sustainable development.

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- The UNDP and UNEP and the World Bank were the three initial partners implementing GEF projects.

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- In 1992, at the Rio Earth Summit, the GEF was restructured and moved out

of the World Bank system to become a permanent, separate institution.

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- Today it is an international partnership of 183 countries, international institutions, civil society organizations and the private sector that addresses global environmental issues.

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- Since 1994, the World Bank has served as the Trustee of the GEF Trust Fund and provided administrative services.

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- GEF funds are available to developing countries and countries with economies in transition to meet the objectives of the international environmental conventions and agreements.

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- The GEF is a financial mechanism for 5 major international conventions

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1. The Minamata Convention on Mercury,

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2. The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs),

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3. The United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (UNCBD),

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4. The United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD) and

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5. The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).

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- The GEF, although not linked formally to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer (MP), supports implementation of the Protocol in countries with economies in transition.

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- The GEF has 18 agencies as the operational arm of the GEF.

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- These agencies work closely with project stakeholders to design, develop and implement GEF-funded projects and programs.

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## **North Koel Reservoir Project**

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- Cabinet has given the approval for the completion of North Koel reservoir project in Jharkhand and Bihar.
- The North Koel River rises on the Ranchi Plateau in Jharkhand.
- It is a tributary of River Sone that joins the river Ganga in Bihar.
- The project envisages building a dam named “**Mandal dam**” in Jharkhand.
- The river along with its tributaries meanders through the northern part of **Betla National Park**.
- The reservoir project is expected to flood villages which are within the **Palamau Tiger Reserve**.
- Thus the GoI restricted the storage capacity of Mandal dam in order to reduce the submergence and to protect Betla National Park and Palamau Tiger Reserve.
- The project aims to provide irrigation the most backward and drought prone areas of Palamu & Garhwa districts in Jharkhand and Aurangabad & Gaya districts in Bihar.



## Committee to oversee disinvestment

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- The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs has recently approved the proposal of setting up a Ministerial Group to decide on the details of strategic disinvestment of Public sector firms.

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- The proposal was given by the Department of Investment and Public Asset Management (DIPAM).

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- The empowered ministerial group is led by Finance Minister and members include Minister for Road Transport, Minister of Administrative Department.

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- The approval will help in speedy completion of strategic disinvestment transactions.

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