## **Prelim Bits 18-11-2017**

### **Lunar Sample Return Mission**

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- India and Japan will collaborate to send a joint mission to the moon, which includes landing a rover and bringing samples back to the earth.
- This is the second time that Japan and India are teaming up for a moon mission.

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- Team Indus will be the first private firm to land a rover on the moon and will carry a Japanese rover by team Hakuto on its spacecraft.
- ISRO sent its first orbiter mission to moon, Chandrayaan-1, in 2008 and plans a lander rover mission by March 2018.

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### **Launch Vehicle Production**

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- Currently, public and private industries have only supplied devices, components and sub-systems for ISRO's launch vehicles (PSLV and GSLV).
- ISRO is preparing to hand over the entire gamut of launch vehicle manufacture to domestic industry by 2020.
- $\bullet$  ISRO already has a partnership with private industry to produce satellites.  $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc in}}}$
- $\bullet$  The IRNSS-1H communication satellite in PSLV C-39 was the first to be produced by a consortium of six companies.  $\mbox{\sc h}$

### **PSLV & GSLV**

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• PSLV is designed mainly to deliver the "earth-observation" or "remote-sensing" satellites.

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- $\bullet$  It can send satellites with lift-off mass of up to about 1750 Kg to Sun-Synchronous circular polar orbits of 600-900 Km altitude. \n
- It is also used to launch the satellites of lower lift-off mass of up to about 1400 Kg to the elliptical Geosynchronous Transfer Orbit (GTO).
- The GSLV is designed mainly to deliver the communication-satellites to the highly elliptical Geosynchronous Transfer Orbit (GTO).
- The satellite in GTO is further raised to its final destination, viz., Geosynchronous Earth orbit (GEO) of about 36000 Km altitude by firing its inbuilt on-board engines.

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- PSLV is a four-staged launch vehicle with first and third stage using solid rocket motors and second and fourth stages using liquid rocket engines.
- $\bullet$  GSLV has three stages with the only the first stage having solid fuel.  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- The first version, GSLV Mk-II, has the capability to launch satellites of lift-off mass of up to 2,500 kg to the GTO and satellites of up to 5,000 kg lift-off mass to the LEO.

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- GSLV MK-II has first stage using solid rocket motor, second stage using liquid fuel and the third stage using cryogenic engine.
- $\bullet$  The GSLV has 4 liquid boosters while the PSLV has 6 solid boosters to augment the thrust provided by the first stage.  $\mbox{\sc h}$

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### Ban on Pet Coke and Furnace oil

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• The SC has requested all States and UT to move forward towards a nationwide ban on the use of pet coke and furnace oil to power up industries.

• Their use is already prohibited in Delhi, Uttar Pradesh, Haryana and Rajasthan.

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### **Petroleum coke or Petcoke**

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- It is a final carbon-rich solid material that is derived from oil refining.
- Petcoke is over 90 percent carbon and emits 5 to 10 percent more carbon dioxide (CO2) than coal on a per-unit-of-energy basis when it is burned.  $\n$
- It can contain vanadium, a toxic metal which is toxic in tiny quantities, 0.8 micrograms per cubic meter of air.
- $\bullet$  It is sometimes a source of fine dust, which can get through the filtering process of the human airway and lodge in the lungs. \n

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#### Furnace oil

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• It is a dark viscous residual product used as a fuel in different types of combustion equipment.

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• It is obtained by blending residual products from various refining processes with suitable diluents to obtain the required fuel oil grades.

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 It is used in special applications such as \n

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- i. In marine engines and slow speed engines for power generation  $\n$
- ii. For drying tea leaves

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iii. In gas turbines for power generation

iv. As a feed stock for fertilizer manufacturing

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# **UN Peacekeeping Defence Ministerial**

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- UN Peacekeeping Defence Ministerial was held at Vancouver, Canada.
- The last meeting was held in London in September 2016.
- The conference had taken up issues on Women, Peace and Security, Pre and Post Deployment, Tackling Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA) and Improving Peacekeeping Rapid Deployment.
- Delegates from more than 70 countries and international organizations African Union, the European Union, NATO has participated.

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Source: The Hindu, PIB

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