

# Prelim Bits 20-07-2019

### NAG missile

- Indian Army has successfully carried out trials of third Generation NAG Missile.
- It is a fire-and-forget, Anti-tank guided missile developed by DRDO.
- It is designed to destroy tanks and other heavily armoured targets.
- NAG has five variants,
  - 1. HeliNa (Helicopter-launched Nag)
  - 2. Land version (with mast-mounted missile launcher)
  - 3. Man Portable NAG,
  - 4. Air-launched version for tactical interdiction aircraft
  - 5. **NAMICA** (NAg MIssile Carrier), a tank destroyer variant built for the army.
- It is equipped with Active Imaging infra-red (IIR) seeker and millimetric wave (mmW) active radar homing seeker.
- $\bullet$  It is all weather missile with a range of 3 to 7 km.
- It is developed under Integrated Guided Missile Development Programme (IGMDP)
- Other missiles developed under IMGDP project includes Agni, Prithvi, Trishul and Akash.

#### **Deworming Programme**

- It is an initiative of 'Ministry of Health and Family Welfare', to make every child (ages of 1-19 years) in the country worm free.
- It is done through the platform of schools and Anganwadis.
- According to **WHO**, 241 million children in India are at risk of parasitic intestinal worms called Soil-Transmitted Helminths (**STH**).
- 'Helminths' are transmitted through soil contaminated with faecal matter.
- The infections can lead to anemia, malnutrition, impaired mental, physical and cognitive development..
- Children are most vulnerable as their immune system is not yet fully

developed.

- Untreated infections prevent children's healthy growth, and reduce their capacity to concentrate and learn.
- During Deworming, single dose of 'Albendazole' is administered.
- Practices promoted by government to reduce worm infections are,
  - 1. Using sanitary toilets, not defecating outside.
  - 2. Hand-washing, before eating and after using toilets.
  - 3. Washing fruits and vegetables in safe and clean water.
  - 4. Eating properly cooked food.

# Solar Charkha Mission

- It is the employment generating venture of Ministry of MSME to train rural people in weaving.
- The looms and spindles will be completely powered by Solar energy.
- It is being implemented by Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC).
- Objectives of the mission,
  - 1. To ensure inclusive growth by generation of employment, especially for women and youth.
  - 2. Sustainable development through solar charkha clusters in rural areas.
  - 3. To leverage low-cost, innovative technologies, boost rural economy etc
- The geographical distribution of the clusters covers throughout the country.
- $\bullet$  At least 10% clusters located in the North Eastern Region (NER), J&K and hilly states.

# Atal Bimit Vyakti Kalyan Yojana (ABVKY)

- It is to financially support those who lost their jobs and were covered under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948.
- It benefits mainly to formal sector Insured Persons' (IP).
- It was launched by 'ESI Corporation' under 'Ministry of Labour & Employment'.
- $\bullet$  The cash benefit will be of 25% of the average per day earning during the previous four contribution periods.
- It is payable in case of unemployment or during a search for new engagement.
- The scheme will be funded by the employees themselves from their ESI contribution.
- It is to be paid up to maximum 90 days of unemployment once in lifetime.
- It will be applicable to all factories and establishments employing at least 10 workers.

### Pradhan Mantri Urja Ganga Project

• It is a gas pipe line project aims to provide piped cooking gas (PNG) to residents of eastern region of the country.



- It also aims to provide CNG for vehicles.
- It is a project under Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas.
- It will pave way for revival of industries in those areas and development of city gas network, generating a large number of jobs.
- The various initiatives to increase the domestic production of crude oil and natural gas which includes,
  - 1. New Domestic Natural Gas Pricing Guidelines-2014.
  - 2. Hydrocarbon Exploration and Licensing Policy.
  - 3. Policy for early monetization of Coal Bed Methane.
  - 4. Setting up of National Data Repository.
  - 5. Policy for Extension of Production Sharing Contracts.
  - 6. Policy framework for exploration and exploitation of Unconventional Hydrocarbons.
  - 7. Re-assessment of Hydrocarbon Resources.
- The pipeline covers Odisha, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Jharkhand, West Bengal and Assam.

Source: PIB, The Indian Express

