

# **Prelim Bits 21-09-2023 | UPSC Daily Current Affairs**

## Nuakhai Juhar Festival

Prime Minister greeted the people on the auspicious occasion of Nuakhai.

- About Nuakhai is an agrarian festival.
- The word 'Nua' means new and 'Khai' means food.
- **Origin** It originated during the Vedic period where the sages or Rishis used to talk about *Panchyajna*.
- One among them was *Pralambana yajna*, which means the cutting of new crops and offering them to mother goddess.
- **Regions** The festival is mostly celebrated by the people of Western Odisha and Southern Chhattisgarh.
- It is known as *Navakhai Parv* in Chhattisgarh.
- **Observed on -** It is observed in the month of <u>Bhadrapada or Bhadraba</u> (August-September), the day after the Ganesh Chaturthi festival.
- In Odisha, on the occasion, the new rice is offered as Bhog to **Goddess Laxmi**.

Some other festivals in India that celebrate the harvest include Onam, Makar Sankranti, Baisakhi, Lohri, Ladakh Harvest festival, Pongal, Ugadi, Bihu among several others.

- Nuakhai celebration starts with the preparation for the festival almost two weeks before the festival.
- Nuakhai is understood to have nine colours and as a consequence nine sets of rituals are followed as a prelude to the actual day of celebration.
- In a sequential manner these 9 colors include:

| Colors                           | Events   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Beheren                          | Announcement of a meeting to set the date        |
| Lagna dekha                      | Setting the exact date for partaking of new rice |
| Daka haka                        | Invitation                                       |
| Sapha sutura and lipa-<br>puchha | Cleanliness                                      |
| Kina bika                        | Purchasing                                       |
| Nua dhan khuja                   | Looking for the new crop                         |

|            | Final resolve for Nuakhai by taking Prasad (the offering)<br>to the deity                     |
|------------|---|
| ובחשבווואו | Eating the new crop as Prasad after offering it to the deity, followed by dancing and singing |
| Juhar bhet | Respect to elders & gift transfers  |

#### References

- 1. PIB | Prime Minister greets people on Nuakhai
- 2. <u>The Times of India | Nuakhai The harvesting festival of Odisha</u>

## **National Medical Commission (NMC)**

National Medical Commission achieved prestigious WFME Recognition Status for 10 Years.

## NMC

- It is India's premier regulatory body overseeing medical education and practice.
- It has been constituted by an act of Parliament known as National Medical Commission Act, 2019.
- Aim of the National Medical Commission
  - $\circ\,$  Improve access to quality and affordable medical education.
  - $\circ\,$  Ensure availability of adequate and high quality medical professionals in all parts of the country.
  - $\circ\,$  Promote equitable and universal healthcare.
  - $\circ\,$  Objectively assess medical institutions periodically.
  - $\circ\,$  Have an effective grievance redressal mechanism.

#### **Recent events**

- **Status** The National Medical Commission (NMC), India achieves the status of World Federation for Medical Education (WFME) Recognition for a tenure of <u>**10**</u> years.
- This is a testament to NMC's commitment to the highest standards in medical education and accreditation.
- **Recognized Entities** As part of this recognition, all the *existing medical colleges* and the *new medical colleges* in India will become WFME accredited.
- **Significance** The recognition will further enhance the quality and standards of medical education in India by aligning them with the global best practices and benchmarks.
- **Eligibility** It enables Indian medical graduates to pursue postgraduate training and practice in other countries that require WFME recognition.
- With NMC being WFME accredited all the Indian students become eligible to apply for Education Commission on Foreign Medical Education and United States Medical Licensing Examination.

# World Federation for Medical Education (WFME)

• It is a global organization dedicated to enhancing the quality of medical education worldwide.

• WFME's accreditation program plays a pivotal role in ensuring that medical institutes meet and uphold the highest international standards of education and training.

#### References

- 1. PIB | National Medical Commission
- 2. <u>NMC | Introduction</u>

#### **Sacred ensembles of Hoysalas**

The sacred ensembles of the Hoysalas, which includes three temples in Karnataka, has been inscribed on the UNESCO's World Heritage List.

## **Hoysala Temples**

- **History** Hoysala style temple complexes in southern India, dating from the 12th to 13th centuries are dedicated to Shiva and Vishnu.
- Architecture The shrines are characterized by sculptures, stone carvings, a circumambulatory platform, a large-scale sculptural gallery, a multi-tiered frieze, and sculptures of the Sala legend.

## The Chennakeshava temple

- It is located in Belur (Hassan district), Karnataka.
- It was constructed by King Vishnuvardhana of the Hoysala dynasty in the 12th century to commemorate his victory over the Cholas.
- The Hoysalas used soft soapstone for their structures, as they were found suitable for intricate carvings.
- Enclosed by a Prakara with a Gopurabuilt in the Vijayanagar style, the temple stands on a platform or Jagati.



#### The Hoysaleswara Temple

- It is situated on the banks of Dwarasamudra tank in Halebidu (Hassan district), Karnataka.
- The main Hoysaleswara temple was built in the 12th century during the reign of King Vishnuvardhana and is dedicated to Lord Shiva.
- The second Kedareshwara Temple displays remarkable Hoysala architecture and stone carvings.
- The Hoysaleswara Temple poised on a star-shaped base on the lawn is an architectural marvel.
- This twin-shrine temple is perhaps the largest Shiva temple built by the Hoysalas.



#### The Keshava Temple

- It is located in Somanathapura village (Mysore district), Karnataka.
- It was constructed by a commander of the Hoysala Army, Somanatha.
- The Keshava temple is built on a raised platform with an outer Pradakshina pathway.
- The temple has a stellar plan with three shrines and Vimanas.

#### References

- 1. The Indian Express | Sacred ensembles of Hoysalas
- 2. <u>Deccan Herald | The sacred ensembles of the Hoysalas</u>

## **Breakthrough Prize**

The 2023 winners of the Breakthrough Prizes were announced recently.

#### **Breakthrough Prizes**

- The Breakthrough Prize is renowned as the *Oscars of Science*.
- About It recognizes the world's top scientists working in the fundamental sciences.
- Created by Group of Silicon Valley entrepreneurs in 2010.
- **Founders** Sergey Brin, Priscilla Chan and Mark Zuckerberg, Yuri and Julia Milner, and Anne Wojcicki.
- **Prize money** Each prize is \$3 million and presented in the fields of Life Sciences, Fundamental Physics and Mathematics.
- In addition, the New Horizons in Physics and Mathematics Prizes and the Maryam

*Mirzakhani New Frontiers Prize* are awarded to early-career researchers.

#### 2023 Prizes

- 3 prizes were awarded this year in the life sciences category, 1 for mathematics and 1 for physics, 1 for life sciences.
- **Prize in Mathematics** Awarded to Daniel Spielman of Yale for multiple discoveries in *theoretical computer science and mathematics*.

Theoretical computer science (TCS) is a subset of general computer science and mathematics that focuses on mathematical aspects of computer science.

• **Prize in Fundamental physics** - Shared by Charles Bennett, Gilles Brassard, David Deutsch and Peter Shor for their work in *quantum information*.

Quantum information is problem solving and data processing using a quantum system as the information carrier, rather than binary '1's and '0's used in conventional computation.

 Life sciences prize - Clifford Brangwynne and Anthony Hyman for discovering a <u>new</u> <u>mechanism of cellular organization</u>.

Cellular Organization refers to the components of the cell and their arrangement inside it.

• **The other life sciences prizes** - Awarded to Demis Hassabis and John Jumper for developing <u>*AlphaFold*</u>, which predicts the structure of proteins.

AlphaFold is an artificial intelligence program which performs predictions of protein structure.

 Emmanuel Mignot and Masashi Yanagisawa for discovering the <u>causes of</u> <u>narcolepsy</u>.

Narcolepsy is a chronic neurological disorder that affects the brain's ability to control sleep-wake cycles.

#### References

- 1. <u>The Hindu | Breakthrough Prize</u>
- 2. <u>Breakthrough Prize | About</u>

#### **Stitched Ship**

The Ministry of Culture has joined hands with the Indian Navy and Goa-based Hodi Innovations to reconstruct an ancient stitched ship.

#### **Stitched ships**

- They are ships that sailed the oceans on India's ancient maritime trade routes around 2,000 years ago.
- These ships are constructed by stitching wooden planks together rather than using nails.
- This offers flexibility and durability, making them less susceptible to damage from shoals and sandbars.

#### **The Project**

- The project entails collaboration across several ministries and departments.
- Funded by 100% by the Ministry of Culture.
- The *ministries of Shipping and External Affairs* will be supporting the project in its execution stage.
- Approved by The National Implementation Committee.

National Implementation Committee is an inter-agency committee responsible for the coordination of Project implementation activities at the national level.

- **Significance** Once the ship is ready, the voyage will be sent to Bali in Indonesia, in November 2025.
- This initiative is in synergy with the Ministry of Culture's *Project Mausam*.

Project Mausam aims to reconnect and re-establish communications between countries of the Indian Ocean world, to create an understanding of cultural values and concerns.

#### References

- 1. <u>The Indian Express | Stitched Ship</u>
- 2. <u>PIB | keel laying ceremony of the ancient stitched ship</u>
- 3. India Today | 'stitched ship'





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