

# **Public Wi-Fi Hotspots**

## What is the issue?

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- TRAI has recently invited interested firms to establish nationwide, pay-as-you-go PDOs (Public Data Offices).
- $\bullet$  It aims at providing affordable and wide access to data to citizens.  $\mbox{\ensuremath{\backslash}} n$
- $\bullet$  However, there are certain issues to be addressed to make the initiative more consumer friendly. \n

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#### What are PDOs?

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- Public Data Offices are conceived more as PCOs that were used for making phone calls by public on paid basis.
- The firms are intended as 'aggregators' and are invited to set up, on a pilot basis, PDOs to function as **public wi-fi hotspots**.
- Any entity can purchase, self-register, set-up and operate a PDO.
- They offer products for consumption, with low denominations ranging from Rs 2 to Rs 20, etc based on data used.
- It is based on an open architecture based Wi-Fi Access Network Interface (**WANI**).

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• It allows users to do one-time enrolment into the service through KYC and mobile one time password, and access data.

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 $\bullet$  Public wi-fi hotspots aims at decongesting telecom networks and ensuring last-mile delivery of broadband to users.  $\mbox{\sc h}$ 

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### What are the concerns with this?

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• **Licensing** - Department of Telecom has raised concerns with allowing **non-telecom companies** to operate public wi-fi hotspots.

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• It argues that Telegraph Act mandates that such entities take licences from the government for selling data.

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 Also India's biggest mobile carriers are concerned that the entry of aggregators without licence would undermine the level-playing field conditions.

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- Cyber Space the privacy and security concerns with cyber space in India, leaves scope for doubting the safety of using public wi-fi.
- Gender common places like the tea shops and bakeries are currently emerging as favoured locations to host PDOs.
- The limited geographical reach of wi-fi make these places over-crowded to utilise spots of maximise signal strength.
- Given the social characteristics of these urban spaces, and the social norms with using public spaces, how gender inclusive these places could be is highly uncertain.

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# What is the way forward?

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- The offer for aggregators and small entrepreneurs is expected to boost employment opportunities and encourage entrepreneurship in rural areas.
- However addressing the issues with licensing and authentication could ensure a level playing field for other service providers.

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- Also, addressing the cyber security concerns and making proper regulations
  would make the service more secure to its users.
- Widening the service to more public spaces which are not gender biased could make the initiative more inclusive.

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Source: The Hindu, Business Standard

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