

Rebirth of Indian Cotton

What is the issue?

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Indian farmers started to return towards the traditional cotton cultivation from the Bt-cotton.

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What is the reason for the return?

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• Bt-cotton's gradual lost resistance against the devastating bollworm insects.

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- It has failed to resist new pests like whiteflies.
- Indian cotton, can withstand most of these pests, besides some common diseases.

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• Technology developers and seed companies have failed to diversify pestrepellent traits in BT-cotton.

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• Farmers cannot follow the recommended precautions in cultivating Bt-cotton.

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What are the advantages of Indian cotton over Bt-Cotton?

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• It has evolved indigenously and better acclimatised to local agroecological conditions

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- It needs lower amounts of inputs like fertilisers and pesticides and is, on the whole, less costly to cultivate.
- It is early maturing and can be harvested before pests like bollworms and whiteflies become active.
- \bullet It is amenable to closer planting to accommodate more plants in a field, it is an easy way to raise crop yields and net profits. \n
- \bullet Due to the small staple length and absorbent nature of its fibre, it is in demand for surgical and medical use. \n

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What are the other issues in Indian cotton cultivation?

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- \bullet There is no diversity in the cotton cultivation carried out in India. $\mbox{\sc h}$
- Lack of diversity has led to the development of immunity among pests.
- The GM cotton occupying nearly 95 per cent of the crop area. \n
- Seed approval protocols discouraged public sector research bodies from entering this field.
- With respective to this few companies are becoming the monopoly in the selling the seeds.

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Source: Business Standard

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