

Recognising the Human Environment

What is the issue?

\n\n

\n

• There was widespread protest in Tuticorin, TN against Vedanta's copper smelter recently.

∖n

- The incident calls for a broader understanding on the issues related with environment and business projects. $\gamman\ensuremath{\n}$

\n\n

What is the problem in Tuticorin?

\n\n

\n

- The Vedanta subsidiary promised world class community engagement, environment management and CSR. \n
- But the proposed copper smelter was located close to human habitation. $\slash n$
- It generated about 400 MT of chemical gases like sulphur dioxide every day. $\space{\space{1.5}n}$
- These are gases that can travel for miles as in the case of Bhopal's Union Carbide.
 - ∖n
- Resultantly, people are suffering from various ailments. \slashn
- They wanted to halt the construction of the new 1200 MT copper smelter and demand a closure of the existing facility. \n

\n\n

What are the recent developments?

\n\n

∖n

- The Labour Party in the UK asked for Vedanta Resources to be delisted from the London Stock Exchange.
 - \n
- \bullet Earlier, the Church of England had withdrawn from Vedanta. \nphin
- As Vedanta had failed to respect the human rights of local people in setting up a bauxite mine in Odisha. \n
- The Dongria Kondh tribals protested against taking away of their hill of worship in Niyamgiri, Odisha.
 - \n
- In all, investors are becoming wary of companies that are seen to be environmentally irresponsible. γn
- High standards of social governance are gaining significance in companies. \n

\n\n

What are the larger concerns?

\n\n

\n

- **Human environment** There is predominance of a forest department outlook in the environment ministry.
 - ∖n
- It leads to a narrow interpretation of the environment for only its physical side water, air, land/forests.

\n

• Nonetheless, human beings are fundamental to any discourse about the environment.

\n

- Divorced of this, the environment has no social value. n
- **EPA** The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 came after the UN Conference on the Human Environment.
- Under it, India pledged to take steps for protection and improvement of the human environment.
- Unfortunately, the EPA has only a passing mention of the human being. $\slash n$
- Clearance In most cases, environment clearance is pushed through as an

ease of doing business proposal.

∖n

- The company's presentation of strong CSR credentials results in overlooking the environmental impact.
 - \n
- **People** No significant social impact study is undertaken, nor is people's consensus ensured.
 - \n TTL
- There is little opportunity for people to put forward the concerns in future implications of the project.

\n

\n\n

What should be done?

\n\n

∖n

• **Government** - It must mandate a social impact study prior to the public hearing.

\n

- This should include the likely impact on health of people in the influence zone of the project. $$\n$
- It should consider the nature of the likely effluents and the already existing health sensitivities.

\n

• Quality of available water and impact of the expected discharges should be accounted.

\n

• The methodology of waste disposal and its impact on water and air should be studied.

∖n

- Government should ensure that public hearing takes place only after the general consent of all villages.
- **Company** Company must define the affected zone of the project.
- It should include villagers whose land is being acquired and who will be under the environmental influence.
- It should reserve 15-24% initial shareholding for villagers who are in the affected zone.

\n

• This portion could be allocated as social/sweat equity.

∖n

- The company should announce benchmarks for water, air and soil quality. $\ensuremath{\sc vn}$
- It should also commit to pay compensation for any breach of these. $\slash n$
- Companies must re-examine their entire CSR framework. $\slash n$
- They can recruit village-level representatives to engage better with the villagers.
 - ∖n
- In all, there is a need for a bottom-up approach of social and civic engagement, with prime focus on the human environment. \n

\n\n

\n\n

Source: Business Standard

∖n

