

Road Safety Bill

What is the issue?

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• Motor Vehicles (Amendment) Bill (2017) - seeks to better the quality of roads and improve safety standards.

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• It has been languishing in the Rajya Sabha since last year, and needs to be furthered for the greater good of the nation.

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What are the challenges in ensuring road safety in India?

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- Potholes are a major cause for accidental deaths and between 2013 and 2016, official statistics says that 11,836 deaths due to it in India.
- Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Tamil Nadu and Maharashtra have the dubious distinction for consistently causing potholes related accidents.
- \bullet Significantly, pothole related deaths peak during monsoons and ironically. $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- While cases are to be booked against contractors (or officials) for poor roads, police reports often blame the victim for 'negligence driving'.
- The Indian Road Congress has prescribed over 100 sets of guidelines to ensure standardised road construction, maintenance and management.
- The challenge lies in ensuring that these guidelines are implemented and no complying contractors and officials are brought to book.
- The absence of a unified law on road construction, engineering and

maintenance is making it hard to implement these guidelines. $\label{eq:maintenance}$

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What does the Motor Vehicles (amendment) Act intend to do?

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- "Motor Vehicles Act" is the presently existing act for road safety.
- This act has no provisions to ensure accountability of road authorities for defects in the engineering, design and maintenance of roads.
- The Motor Vehicles (Amendment) Bill, 2017, which has been tabled in the parliament, has attempted to address this drawback.
- It has provisions for rectify several systemic issues by providing a uniform driver licensing system, protecting children and vulnerable road users.
- \bullet Rationalising penalties and creating a system of accountability in the construction of roads is another important aspect of the bill. \n
- The bill envisions a monetary fine of up to 1 lakh on the authority responsible, for any road crash caused by defective road design/maintenance.
- \bullet While the fine is only a small amount, this is a step in the right direction.
- \bullet Nonetheless, road contractors and engineers will still not be held criminally liable for causing deaths and injuries due to their sloppy work. \n

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What are the technical aspects of the problem?

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- Potholes are caused by the presence of heavy traffic and water on roads and improper drainage is found to have direct implications for roads.
- \bullet Therefore, it becomes necessary to ensure the use of standardised methodology and good quality material when constructing roads. $\mbox{\sc h}$
- There also needs to be regular maintenance and an effective system to

ensure accountability in other aspects of town planning too. $\$

- \bullet Incorporating "Safe System Approach" in all aspects of road design, engineering and construction is another point to be considered. \n
- This accounts for the possibility of human error and ensures that the surrounding environment and infrastructure are designed to save lives.

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• At a policy level, we need to create an enabling environment that weaves in different progressive aspects across all sectors that influence road quality.

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Source: The Hindu

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