

Trafficking of Persons (Prevention, Protection and Rehabilitation) Bill, 2018

Why in news?

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The Union Cabinet has recently approved the Trafficking of Persons (Prevention, Protection and Rehabilitation) Bill, 2018 for introduction.

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What are the key provisions?

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• Coverage - The Bill covers a wide range of forms of trafficking which includes:

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- i. trafficking for the purpose of forced labour, begging
- ii. trafficking by administering chemical substance or hormones on a person for the purpose of early sexual maturity
- iii. trafficking of a woman or child for the purpose of marriage or under the pretext of marriage or after marriage, etc

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• In particular, the Bill comprehensively addresses the transnational nature of the crime.

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• **Punishment** - It specifies punishment for promoting or facilitating trafficking of person.

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The activities may include
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i. producing, printing, issuing or distributing unissued, tampered or fake certificates

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ii. registration or stickers as proof of compliance with Government requirements

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iii. procuring or facilitating the acquisition of clearances and necessary documents from Government agencies fraudulently

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• Punishment ranges from rigorous imprisonment for minimum of 10 years to life, and fine of not less than Rs. 1 lakh.

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• Besides, the Bill provides for the attachment and forfeiture of property and also the proceeds of crime.

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• This is to break the organized nexus, both at the national and international level.

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• **Relief** - The Bill provides for immediate protection of rescued victims and their rehabilitation.

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• The Victims are entitled to interim relief immediately within 30 days to address their physical, mental trauma etc.

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• Further appropriate relief within 60 days from the date of filing of charge sheet is also provided for.

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 $\begin{array}{lll} \bullet \ \textbf{Rehabilitation} & \bullet \ \textbf{Rehabilitation} & \bullet \ \textbf{respective} & \text{of criminal proceedings} \\ & \text{initiated against the accused or the outcome thereof.} \\ & \land \ \textbf{n} \\ \end{array}$

- A specific Rehabilitation Fund for this purpose is created for the first time.
- This will be used for the physical, psychological and social well-being of the victim.

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- It also for education, skill development, health care/psychological support, legal aid, safe accommodation, etc.
- **Confidentiality** The confidentiality of victims/witnesses and complainants must be ensured by not disclosing their identity.
- Further the confidentiality of the victims is maintained by recording their statement through video conferencing.

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- This also helps in trans-border and inter-State crimes.
- Time bound trial and repatriation of the victims, within a period of one year from taking into cognizance, is mandated.
- **Mechanism** The Bill provides for designated courts in each district for the speedy trial of the cases.

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• It creates dedicated institutional mechanisms at District, State and Central level.

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- These will be responsible for prevention, protection, investigation and rehabilitation work related to trafficking.
- National Investigation Agency (NIA) will perform the tasks of Anti-Trafficking Bureau at the national level present under the MHA.
- The National Anti-Trafficking Bureau will -

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- ${\it i.}$ perform the functions of international coordination with authorities in foreign countries and international organizations
- ii. take up international assistance in investigation
- iii. facilitate inter-State and trans-border transfer of evidence and materials, witnesses and others for expediting prosecution
- iv. facilitate inter-state and international video conferencing in judicial

proceedings, etc

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What is the significance?

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• Trafficking in human beings is the third largest organized crime violating basic human rights.

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- ullet It is a global concern, also affecting a number of South Asian nations.
- \bullet The Bill thus addresses a pervasive yet invisible crime affecting the vulnerable persons especially women and children. $\mbox{\sc h}$
- \bullet The new law will make India a pioneer in formulating a comprehensive legislation to combat trafficking. $\mbox{\sc h}$

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Source: PIB

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