

Walmart Vs. Amazon - The Battle Moves to India

What is the issue?

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- US retail chain "Walmart" recently acquired controlling stake in Indian ecommerce major "Flipkart".
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- This has brought it into direct competition with fellow US firm Amazon, which is the only other major e-commerce player in India. \n

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What is the deal about?

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• India's e-commerce market, accounts for less than a tenth of its overall retail.

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• But the Filpkart-Walmart deal is expected to be a big thumbs-up for the sector.

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- Walmart will be buying about 77% stake in Flipkart for a sum of about \$16 Billion (which is considered a very costly buy by analysts). \n
- Notably, "Amazon" (another US firm), is currently placed 2^{nd} in India's e-commarket share, and is engaged in a hectic competition with Flipkart. \n
- The entry of Walmart will give Flipkart a big fillip in midst of hectic competition that is prevailing in the sector. \n
- Also, the deal brings America's biggest online retailer and the biggest offline retailer into direct competition in the Indian e-com market.

- Amidst this hectic aggression in the market, China's Alibaba has also made a significant foray through its Paytm Mall. \n
- Traditional retail players have responded with willingness to adapt to this paradigm shift and consider strategic alliances with online rivals. \n

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Why did Walmart go for the costly buy?

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- Walmart investors have largely perceived the Flipkart bid as expensive and the company is projected to lose \$8 billion in net worth due to the deal. \n
- This is because, despite Flipkart's market dominance, it is only through discount peddling that they are retaining the spot (thereby making big losses).

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- Notably, Indian consumers are largely still offline shoppers, who are being aggressively nudged online by offering attractive prices. \n
- But Walmart's leadership seems to be betting on the future growth it can unlock from this full-frontal entry into a market. \n
- Notably, entering Indian market hasn't been easy for Walmart and its attempt in 2007 (in partnership with Bharti Group) also bombed. \n
- Strict curbs in India, on Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in multi brand retail has thus far restricted Walmart to just "Wholesale Stores". \n
- These restrictions, seemingly to protect smaller retailers, have remained in place under the NDA government, belying expectations of a reset. \n
- Also, Amazon into offline retail in the US market has increased the heat on Walmart to up the game internationally to stay competent. \n

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What aspects require further pondering?

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• While local trade lobbies are determined to resist the deal, while analysts are

wondering how Walmart will turn around Flipkart's cash burn rates.

- It is also important to assess if the U.S. firm will integrate Indian suppliers into its international operations. $\gamman{\char{l}}\end{\char{l}}$
- The fact that the deal has manoeuvre policy restrictions reveals the inefficacy of India's approach to retail FDI in a rapidly changing global economy. \n
- Most importantly, a nuanced debates on India's retail FDI policy big versus small, local versus foreign — is needed for ensuring a truly level playing field.

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Source: The Hindu

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