

# **Weakening Railway Finances**

### What is the issue?

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- 'Operating Ratio' in the Indian Railways has weakened to a 16-year low.  $\n$
- This has significantly affected profitability and has increased financial and physical risks in the sector.  $\n$

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### What is operating ration?

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- Operating Ratio is measure of profitability of a venture.  $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- Thus, the lesser the operating ratio, the better the profitability.  $\nphi^n$
- The operating ratio for the Indian Railways in 2016-17, has been reported as of 96.5%, which means Railways spends Rs 96.5 to earn Rs. 100.  $\n$
- But the CAG has flagged this as this wasn't inclusive of pension payments, which when taken into considerations the ratio deteriorates to 99.54%.  $\n$

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## What are the CAG recommendations?

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• Considering the financial health of Railways, CAG has pitched for revisiting (increasing) the passenger and other tariffs to reduce losses in core activities.

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- It argued that passenger fares and freight charges should be based on the cost involved so that it brings rationality and flexibility in pricing.  $\n$
- Additionally, it was noted that there was hardly any justification for not fully recovering the cost of passenger services offered in AC compartments.  $\n$
- Under-recovery in AC compartments is largely due to the big list of concessional travellers, and it has now been recommended to scale down the number of such beneficiaries.

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# What is the way ahead?

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- Safety Fund Depreciation Reserve Fund, which is used to replace the overaged assets is currently lacking
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- This is creating huge backlogs in replacement work, which thereby increases passenger risk, and needs to be addressed on a priority basis.  $\n$

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- Auditing principles There is a need to strengthen internal control mechanisms to reduce instances of misclassification of expenditure.  $\n$
- Unsanctioned expenditure should be controlled and the administration should ensure all unsanctioned expenditure is regularised on priority.  $\n$
- Further, Indian Railways should disclose significant accounting policies that involve fixed assets, depreciation and investments.  $\n$

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#### Source: The Hindu

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