

Daily Current Affairs Prelims Quiz 11-10-2021 - (Online Prelims Test)

- 1) Consider the following statements with respect to a Right to clean, healthy and sustainable environment
 - 1. Right to clean, healthy and sustainable environment was recognised as a human right by UN Human Rights Council.
 - 2. India abstains from voting on the resolution which favours right to a clean, healthy and sustainable environment as Human right.
 - 3. The right to a clean environment was rooted in the 1972 Stockholm Declaration.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

Answer: d

Right to clean, healthy and sustainable environment

- In a landmark decision, the UN Human Rights Council has recently recognised, for the first time, that having a clean, healthy and sustainable environment is a human right.
- The Council called on States to work together, and with other partners, to implement this newly recognized right.
- The resolution on the Human right to a safe, clean, healthy and sustainable environment was adopted by a vote of 43 in favour, none against and 4 abstentions.
- China, India, Japan and Russian Federation, abstained from voting on the resolution.
- The resolution was proposed by five members comprises Costa Rica, the Maldives, Morocco, Slovenia and Switzerland.
- The resolution emphasises the rights to life, liberty and security of human rights defenders working in environmental matters, referred to as environmental human rights defenders.
- The right to a clean environment was rooted in the 1972 Stockholm Declaration.
- 2) Consider the following statements with respect to Indian Space Association (ISpA)
 - 1. It is a private industry body to help boost space technology in India by engaging with all stakeholders in the Indian space domain.
 - 2. Indian Space Research Organization, Antrix Corporation and NewSpace India Limited are the founding members of the Indian Space Association.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2

Answer: a

Indian Space Association (ISpA)

- It is a **private industry body** to help boost space technology in India.
- It will be represented by leading homegrown and global corporations with advanced capabilities in space and satellite technologies.
- ISpA will participate and work with ISRO and others on the issue of policy around space technology and domain.
- It will focus on capacity building and space economic hubs and incubators in India.
- Its founding members include Larson & Toubro, Nelco (Tata Group), OneWeb, Bharti Airtel, Mapmyindia, Walchandnagar Industries and Ananth Technology Limited.
- Other core members include Godrej, Hughes India, Azista-BST Aerospace Private Limited, BEL, Centum Electronics, Maxar India.
- 3) With respect to the Two Pillar Solution, sometimes seen in the news recently, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It is an implemental plan of World Trade Organization to reform international taxation rules.
 - 2. It aims to reallocate taxing rights over MNEs from their home countries to markets, regardless of whether firms have a physical presence there.

rmation is Empowering

- 3. It seeks to put a floor on competition over corporate income tax, through a global minimum corporate tax rate.
- 4. India is one of the members of the OECD/G20 Inclusive Framework on BEPS.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 3 and 4 only
- b. 1, 2 and 3 only
- c. 2, 3 and 4 only
- d. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Answer: c

Two pillar solution

- The **OECD/G20** Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (IF) has agreed a two-pillar solution to address the tax challenges arising from the digitalisation of the economy.
- 136 countries including **India have signed** this historic pact to enforce a minimum corporate tax
- **Pillar One** aims to ensure a fairer distribution of profits and taxing rights among countries with respect to the largest MNEs, including digital companies.
- This would entail reallocation of some taxing rights over MNEs from their home countries to markets where they have business and earn profits, regardless of whether firms have a physical presence there.
- **Pillar Two** seeks to put a floor on competition over corporate income tax, through a global minimum corporate tax rate that countries can use to protect their tax bases.
- Pillar Two which was initially proposed to be brought into effect from 2023 has now been deferred to 2024.

Background

• The US loses nearly \$50 billion a year to tax cheats, according to the Tax Justice Network report, with Germany and France also among the top losers.

• India's annual loss due to corporate tax abuse is estimated at over \$10 billion.



- Countries will legislate a global minimum corporate tax rate of at least 15% for companies with annual revenues more than \$864 billion
- If companies have earnings

A look at how the global minimum tax will work

that go untaxed or lightly taxed in one of the world's tax havens, their home country will impose a top-up tax that will bring the rate to 15%

- Out of the 140 countries involved, 136 supported the deal. Kenya, Nigeria, Pakistan and Sri Lanka have abstained for now
- According to some developing countries and advocacy groups, the 15% rate is too low and leaves far too much potential tax revenue on the table
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- 4) With respect to Bridgmanite, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It is the dominant material in the lower mantle.
 - 2. It is probably the most abundant mineral in the Earth.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: c

- On May 22, 2012, a large meteor shower occurred near the town of Katol in Nagpur.
- The International team of scientists examined a section of the highly-shocked meteorite from Katol.
- The paper published this month in PNAS reports the first natural occurrence of a mineral called bridgmanite.
- The mineral was named in 2014 after Prof. Percy W. Bridgman, recipient of the 1946 Nobel Prize in Physics.
- Prior to its naming in 2014, it was referred to as perovskite because according to rules set down by the International Mineralogical Association, a mineral cannot be given a formal name until a specimen has been found that can be examined first hand.
- Various computational and experimental studies have shown that about 80% of the Earth's lower mantle is made up of bridgmanite.
- 5) Which of the statements regarding Minerals is **incorrect**?

- a. A mineral can be solid, liquid or gas.
- b. It can be found either on earth or in extraterrestrial bodies.
- c. Anthropogenic substances are not regarded as minerals.
- $d. \ \,$ The International Mineralogical Association was responsible for controlling the introduction of new minerals and mineral names.

Answer: a

Mineral Species

- **Naturally formed** A mineral substance is a naturally occurring solid that has been formed by geological processes.
- Source It can be found either on earth or in extraterrestrial bodies.
- A mineral cannot be given a formal name until a specimen has been found that can be examined first hand.
- Anthropogenic substances, i.e. those made by Man, are not regarded as minerals.
- **Authority** The International Mineralogical Association was responsible for controlling the introduction of new minerals and mineral names.
- **Mineraloid** A mineraloid is a substance that satisfies some, but not all of the parts of the definition.
- For example, opal, does not have a characteristic crystalline structure, so it is considered a mineraloid.
- Note also that the "minerals" as used in the nutritional sense are not minerals as defined geologically.



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