

Daily Subject wise Quiz Day 52 Polity X (Online Prelims Test)

1) Consider the following statements with respect to the Advocate General?

- 1. The term of office of the advocate general is not fixed by the Constitution.
- 2. Only a person eligible to become the Judge of High Court can become an Advocate General.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : c

Advocate General

- It is the highest law officer of the state of India.
- It is a Constitutional post and its authority is mentioned in article 165 of the Indian Constitution.
- Advocate General advises the state in legal matters.
- Only a person eligible to become the Judge of High Court can become an Advocate General.
- The term of office of the advocate general is not fixed by the Constitution.
- Further, the Constitution does not contain the procedure and grounds for his removal.

2) Consider the following statements with respect to Solicitor general of India?

- 1. It is a Constitutional post and its authority is mentioned in article 165 of the Indian Constitution.
- 2. Solicitor general is appointed for period of three years by Appointment Committee of Cabinet chaired by Prime Minister.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : b

Solicitor General of India

- Solicitor General is the second highest law officer in the country.
- He is subordinate to the Attorney General of India, the highest law officer and works under him.

- He also advises the government in legal matters.
- Solicitor general is appointed for period of three years by Appointment Committee of Cabinet chaired by Prime Minister.
- Unlike the post of Attorney General for India, which is a Constitutional post under Article 76 of the Constitution of India, the posts of the Solicitor General and the Additional Solicitors General are merely statutory.
- Appointments Committee of the Cabinet (ACC) recommends the appointment and officially appoints the Solicitor General.

3) Which of the following statements are incorrect with respect to Vice President of India?

- 1. He can be removed by a resolution of the Rajya Sabha passed by an effective majority.
- 2. Supreme Court decides election disputes related to the office of Vice President.

Select the correct answers using the codes given below

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer:d

Vice President of India

- In India, Vice-President has the second-highest office in the country.
- Article 63 of the Indian Constitution mentions the post of Vice-President
- The Constitution states that the Vice President can be removed by a resolution of the Rajya Sabha passed by an effective majority (i.e., majority of all the then member of the house) and agreed by the Lok Sabha with a simple majority (Article 67(b)).
- But no such resolution may be moved unless at least 14 days advance notice has been given.
- Supreme Court decides election disputes related to the office of Vice President

4) Consider the following statements with respect to Chief Minister

- 1. He is the head of the state while the governor is the head of the government.
- 2. The Constitution does not contain any specific procedure for the selection and appointment of the Chief Minister

Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2 $\,$
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: a

Chief Minister

- In the Parliamentary system of government, Chief Minister is the real executive authority whereas the Governor is the nominal executive authority.
- The Governor is the head of the state while the Chief Minister is the head of the government.
- Thus the position of the Chief Minister at the state level is analogous to the position of the Prime Minister at the Centre.
- The Constitution does not contain any specific procedure for the selection and appointment of

the Chief Minister.

- Article 164 only says that the Chief Minister shall be appointed by the governor.
- In accordance with the convections of the parliamentary system of government, the governor has to appoint the leader of the majority party in the state legislative assembly as the Chief Minister.
- The Constitution does not require that a person must prove his majority in the legislative assembly before he is appointed as the Chief Minister.

5) Consider the following statements with respect to Cabinet Secretary

- 1. A cabinet secretary is appointed for a fixed tenure of two years and he is under the direct charge of the prime minister.
- 2. The administrative head of the secretariat is the cabinet secretary who is also the ex-officio chairman of the civil services board.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : c

Cabinet Secretary

- A cabinet secretary is appointed for a fixed tenure of two years and he is under the direct charge of the prime minister.
- According to All India Services (Death-Cum-Retirement-Benefits) Rules, 1958, the government can give extension in service to a cabinet secretary provided the total tenure does not exceed four years.
 - As per the modified rules, the central government may give an extension in service for a further period not exceeding three months, beyond the period of four years to a cabinet secretary.
 - The cabinet secretariat assists in decision-making in government by ensuring inter-ministerial coordination, ironing out differences amongst ministries or departments and evolving consensus through the instrumentality of the standing or ad hoc committees of secretaries.