

Daily Subject wise Quiz Day 53 Polity XI (Online Prelims Test)

- 1) Consider the following statements with respect to Censure Motion
 - 1. The censure motion is usually moved by the opposition party against the ruling party.
 - 2. If the censure motion is passed, the Council of ministers is bound to resign as early as possible.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: a

Censure Motion

- Censure motion is moved against the Council of Ministers, a group of ministers, or as individual ministers for the failure to perform duties.
- The censure motion is usually moved by the opposition party against the ruling party or any of its ministers for failing to act in a certain matter.
- Censure motion must be specific and self-explanatory, stating the reasons for its adoption.
- It can be moved only in the Lok Sabha and not in the Rajya Sabha.
- No leave of the House is required for moving a censure motion but it must specify the charges against the government for which it is moved.
- If the censure motion is passed, the Council of ministers is bound to seek the confidence of the Lok Sabha as early as possible.
- The council of ministers need not resign from the office if a censure motion is passed in the Lok Sabha while in case of motion of no confidence, the council of minister must resign from office if the motion is passed.
- 2) Consider the following statements with respect to Money Bill?
 - 1. A Money Bill may only be introduced in Lok Sabha, on the recommendation of the President.
 - 2. It may be sent to the Rajya Sabha for its recommendations, which Lok Sabha may reject if it chooses to.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: c

Money Bill

- Article 110 of the constitution deals with Money Bill in India.
- A Money Bill may only be introduced in Lok Sabha, on the recommendation of the President.
- It must be passed in Lok Sabha by a simple majority
- A money bill cannot be introduced in Rajya Sabha, Rajya Sabha can neither reject a Money Bill nor amend it
- The Speaker of the Lok Sabha decides whether the Bill is a Money Bill or not.
- Also, the Speaker's decision shall be deemed to be final.
- It may be sent to the Rajya Sabha for its recommendations, which Lok Sabha may reject if it chooses to.
- If such recommendations are not given within 14 days, it will be deemed to be passed by Parliament.
- 3) Which of the following statements are correct about Joint sitting of the Parliament
 - 1. According to Article 112 joint sitting of the parliament is presided by the president.
 - 2. Money bill and Constitution amendment bill can't be referred to a joint sitting of Parliament

Select the correct answers using the codes given below

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: b

Joint sitting of the Parliament On is Empowering

- According to Article 108 of the Constitution, the joint sitting of parliament is called by the President.
- It is presided by the Speaker of the Lok Sabha.
- The joint sitting of both the houses is also held to resolve the deadlock over the passing of key legislation.

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- The following bills can't be referred to a joint sitting of Parliament.
- 1. Money bill under Article 110.
- 2. Constitution amendment bill under Article 368.
- In the absence of the speaker the Deputy Speaker of the Lok Sabha or in his absence, the Deputy-Chairman of the Rajya Sabha presides over the joint session.
- The Chairman of the upper house (vice president) doesn't preside over the joint session at any means/cost.
- 4) Which of the following statements is/are correct about No Confidence Motion
 - 1. Constitution of India clearly mentions about No Confidence motion in Article 198
 - 2. A motion of No Confidence can be admitted when a minimum of 50 members, support the motion in the house.

Select the correct answers using the codes given below

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2

d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: b

No Confidence Motion

- A motion of "No Confidence Motion" against the Government can be introduced only in the Lok Sabha under rule 198.
- The Constitution of India does not mention about either a Confidence or a No Confidence Motion.
- Although, Article 75 does specify that the Council of Ministers shall be collectively responsible to the Lok Sabha.
- A motion of No Confidence can be admitted when a minimum of 50 members, support the motion in the house.
- The Speaker then, once satisfied that the motion is in order, will ask the House if the motion can be adopted.
- If the motion is passed in the house, the Government is bound to vacate the office.
- A no-confidence motion needs a majority vote to pass the House.
- 5) Which of the statements are correct about Public Account Committee
 - 1. It consists of 22 members in which 15 are from Lok Sabha and 7 are from Rajya Sabha.
 - 2. The chairman of the Public Accounts Committee is invariably from Lok Sabha and from the opposition party.

Select the correct answers using the codes given below

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2 formation is Empowering
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : c

Public Account Committee

- The Public Accounts Committee scrutinizes the appropriation and finance accounts of the Government of India and reports of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India,
- Public Accounts Committee consists of 22 members (15 from Lok Sabha and 7 from Rajya Sabha).
- The chairman of the Public Accounts Committee is appointed by the Lok Sabha speaker.
- The chairman of the Public Accounts Committee is invariably from Lok Sabha and from the opposition party.
- Adhir Ranjan Chowdhury is the current chairperson of the Public Accounts Committee.
- The Public Accounts Committee examines the audit report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
- The Comptroller and Auditor General of India is called the friend, philosopher, and guide of the Public Accounts Committee.