

Daily Current Affairs Prelims Quiz 02-05-2022 - (Online Prelims Test)

- 1) Which of the following statement is/are correct with respect to the Crimeware-as-a-Service (CaaS) Model?
 - 1. It refers to the practice of providing cyber hacking products and services to other cybercriminals.
 - 2. It is a set of computer programme that are designed to prevent illegal online activities.
 - 3. It allows organizations to use specialized functionality without being responsible for its maintanence and focus on core business activities.
 - 4. It allows even a non-hacker to attack any system without having the cyber know-how to do so.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- a. 1 and 4 only
- b. 2 and 3 only
- c. 1 and 3 only
- d. 2 and 4 only

Answer: a

Crimeware-as-a-service (CaaS) Model

- CaaS is any computer programme or set of programmes designed to facilitate illegal automated activities online.
- It has become a prominent component of the underground economy.
- CaaS provides a new dimension to cyber crime by making it more organized, automated, and accessible to criminals with limited technical skills.
- Cybercrimes are covered under Information Technology Act (IT Act) and the Indian Penal Code.
- Section 65 Tampering with Computer Source Documents.
- Penalties if found guilty can be imprisonment up to 3 years and/or up-to Rs 2 lakh fine.
- 2) Consider the following statements regarding Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF):
 - 1. It is produced from sustainable feedstocks and is similar in its chemistry to the traditional jet fuel.
 - 2. Sustainable feedstocks include cooking oil, non-palm waste oils from animals or plants, and solid waste from homes.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: c

Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF)

- SAF stands for sustainable aviation fuel. It's produced from sustainable feedstocks and is very similar in its chemistry to traditional fossil jet fuel.
- Using SAF results in a reduction in carbon emissions compared to the traditional jet fuel it replaces over the lifecycle of the fuel.
- Some typical feedstocks used are cooking oil and other non-palm waste oils from animals or plants; solid waste from homes and businesses, such as packaging, paper, textiles, and food scraps that would otherwise go to landfill or incineration.
- Other potential sources include forestry waste, such as waste wood, and energy crops, including fast growing plants and algae.

3) Consider the following statements:

- 1. The Enforcement Case Information Report (ECR) is prepared by the Enforcement Directorate and it sets out the basis on which the accused is being investigated.
- 2. In the Vijay Madanlal vs Union of India case, the SC ruled that, the ED must provide the accused with the copy of the ECR.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are **incorrect**?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: b

AS PARLIAMENT

Prevention of Money Laundering Act (PMLA)

- At present, the Supreme Court is hearing a batch of petitions in Vijay Madanlal Choudhary & Ors Vs Union of India that are aimed at setting out the scope and applicability, as well as test the constitutional vires of provisions under PMLA.
- It is a norm in criminal jurisprudence that investigations and proceedings that have severe implications for the accused should come with a minimum degree of transparency in line with the fundamental freedoms granted by the Constitution.
- The standard practice of proceeding against an accused by the ED involves the creation of an internal document called Enforcement Case Information Report (ECIR).
- The ECIR essentially sets out the basis on which the accused is being investigated.
- In Youth Bar Association Vs Union of India, the Supreme Court mandated that an accused person was entitled to having a copy of the FIR.
- An ECIR may appear to be a document comparable to an FIR lodged by the police personnel at a cursory reading.
- However, there have been cases where despite registering an ECIR, a copy of the same was not provided to the accused on grounds that the ECIR is an "internal document".
- There have also been cases where the ED handed over a copy of the ECIR to the accused upon filing writ petitions or in proceedings under Sections 5 and 8 of the PMLA.

4) Consider the following statements:

- 1. Accepting foreign donations is an absolute and a vested right of an individual and an organisation in India.
- 2. Rights guaranteed under Part III and Article 19 of the Indian Constitution are not absolute rights.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?

a. 1 only

- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: b

Foreign Contributions (Regulation) Amendment Act, 2020 and Reasonable Restrictions

- In September 2020, the government enacted the Foreign Contributions (Regulation) Amendment Act, further restricting the manner in which foreign funds could be received and used.
- It consists of a mandatory provision that the foreign contributions must be deposited in the FCRA account created in the State Bank of India (SBI), New Delhi branch.
- The Supreme Court in Noel Harper Vs Union of India, endorsed the Centre's Amendment.
- It stated that accepting foreign donations cannot be an absolute or even a vested right and held that the restrictions placed on Non- Government Organisations' (NGOs) ability to raise and use foreign donations through the said amendments are constitutional.
- The court observed that free and uncontrolled inflow of foreign funds has the potential to impact the socio-economic structure and polity of the country.
- The court stated no one can claim that receiving foreign funds was an absolute or fundamental right and it held that the restrictions in the amendments were reasonable.
- The term "reasonable" has not been defined under the Constitution and no tests were laid down either—the role of the Supreme Court to interpret the constitution comes into play.
- Over time, the Supreme Court has laid down, in a plethora of cases, various tests and principles with respect to the concept of 'reasonable restrictions'.
- In the recent Noel Harper case, the court acknowledged that it is well-established that rights guaranteed under Part III of the Constitution and Article 19 in particular, are not absolute rights.
- 5) Consider the following statements:
 - 1. Cortico steroids are lab-made version of the male hormone testosterone and facilitates muscle building.
 - 2. Anabolic steroids are lab-made molecules that mimic the cortisol that controls the body's stress response, metabolism, and inflammation.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: d

Anabolic and Cortico Steroids

Anabolic

- Anabolic steroids are essentially lab-made versions of the male hormone testosterone and have a similar effect of increasing muscle mass as the natural hormone does.
- It also increases male characteristics in a person, such as facial hair and a deeper voice.
- Anabolic steroids have limited medical use and are mainly used by doctors to help patients gain weight after a severe illness or injury.
- It could also be prescribed in small doses to the elderly to build muscle mass and in some

cases also helps to treat anaemia.

Cortico

- They are ab-made molecules that mimic the action of the hormone called cortisol that controls the body's stress response, metabolism, and inflammation.
- They lessen swelling, redness, itching, and allergic reactions.
- They are often used as part of the treatment for a number of different diseases, such as severe allergies or skin problems, asthma, or arthritis.

