

Farmer Producer Organisations can play a  
major role in aggregating small farmers  
and value adding agricultural products.  
Explain (200 words)

Farmer Producer Organisations  
(FPOs) are voluntary organisations controlled  
by their farmer-members who actively  
participate in setting their policies  
and making decisions.

### Current Benefits from FPOs

- ① Negotiating with corporates
- ② Economics of Aggregation
- ③ Development of social ~~input~~ capital
- ④ Declining Average land holding

### Concerns to an FPO

- ① Difficulty in securing institutional  
finance  
i.e. → Banks usually wary of granting  
loans to the FPOs

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- (2) They are forced to raise their working capitals at very high-interest rate.
- (3) Inability to operate in the regular agriculture market due to lack of storage facilities, resistance offered by licensed traders.
- (4) Lack of legal recognition under the contract farming regulations.
- (5) Many benefits like tax exemptions, subsidies are not extended to FPOs.

FPOs role after aggregating small farmers and value adding agricultural produce are following

- (1) Institutional credit at very low rate and very easy way.
- (2) Tax subventions and tax exemption to encourage growth of FPOs.
- (3) Subsidies inline with cooperatives.
- (4) Expansion of FPOs in other areas like horticulture, Peciculture etc. ~~but~~ inline with Dairy FPOs.

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(Question No.)

- (3) Establishment of storage facilities and provision like from farm to fork.
- (6) More benific small farmers in terms of increased incomes
- (7) Introduction of forward and backward linkage to facilitate easy handling of produce.
- (8) Decentralisation of agriculture.

thus, aggregating the small farmers and value adding the agriculture have potential to make farmers AtmaNirbhar in true sense by increasing their income.