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11/08/2018

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Critically examine the need for a National Aluminium policy in India

The domestic aluminium industry is struggling to remain globally competitive, because of rising cost of production. Among the largest producers of aluminium, India has the highest cost due to high energy costs. The impact of coal cess, electricity duty, renewable purchase obligation and import duty increases production cost. And also obtaining environmental, forest and statutory clearances increases the production cost. Thus the need to formulate National Aluminium policy arises.

The policy would identify aluminium as a core industry. Aluminium's growing consumption and its increase in requirement will accord to its core industry status. The industry will not face any administrative and legal barriers during the operation of coal and bauxite mines.

Domestic scrap generation has to be the priority and this policy will be an important step in this regard. A separate policy needs to be developed for the energy intensive sectors.

प्रश्न की संख्या
दीजिए

उम्मीदवारों को इस
हारा में नहीं
लिखना चाहिए

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A Country's over-reliance on foreign Imports for essential Strategic metals may be detrimental towards the objective of economic and National Security. India's growing economic might enables it to produce enough high-quality aluminium to ensure self-reliance in defence and critical Infrastructure, and reduce global Volatility in Supply and prices.

अंश की संख्या
दीजिए

उम्मीदवारों को इस
हारा में नहीं
लिखना चाहिए