

1- Being a part of US's security architecture, shows that there is a shift in trajectory of India's foreign policy. Examine

Recently the democratic India signed BECA 2020 agreement thereby finalising the 4 foundations of security agreement with the USA, thereby initiating the thought of shift in trajectory of India's foreign policy in contemporary scenario.

Figure: India's surrounding



### India and USA agreements:

1. GISOMIA - 2002 for military intelligence and data sharing
2. 2005 - Civil Nuclear Agreement
3. 2016 - LEMOA - for logistics, refueling and replenishment.
4. COMCASA - 2018 for sharing encrypted communication security details.
5. BECA - 2020 for sharing topographical, aeronautical and nautical data.

Thus now India forms a part of 'USA military willingness' which is the core concept for anti-China, anti-Russia

## Deterioration of China relations:

1. The security agreements are anti-China.
2. Increase tensions in future in boundaries.
3. Trade and development may be affected if India + USA signs defense exercises.
4. (e.g) Malabar Naval exercise - (1990's - 2020), China is against this grouping increased boundary tension in Ladakh.

## Makes India to align out from NAM:

1. India be forced from Neutrality.
  2. Has to take decisions pro-USA in Afghanistan talks which affects relations in Central Asia.
- (e.g) India forced to take USA stand in Afghanistan, where India is now pro-Afghanistan supporting.

## Russia - India relations may be affected:

1. India depends Russia for Oil, gas from far East India investment.
2. India has defense deals S-400.
3. (e.g) May affect S-400 deals and India has to opt out from Russia similar to Iran.

## Future Prospects:

1. India to maintain strategic autonomy.
2. Involve global issue to make it NAM.
3. Reduce & solve tensions with China to make USA understand that India is independent.