

21/08/22

Society

UPSC

Please do not write anything except the question number in this space.
कृपया इस स्थान में प्रश्न संख्या के अतिरिक्त कुछ न लिखें।

Answer Questions in NOT MORE THAN the Word Limit specified for each in the Parenthesis.
Content of the Question is more important than length.
(Specimen Answer Booklet - For Practice Purpose Only)

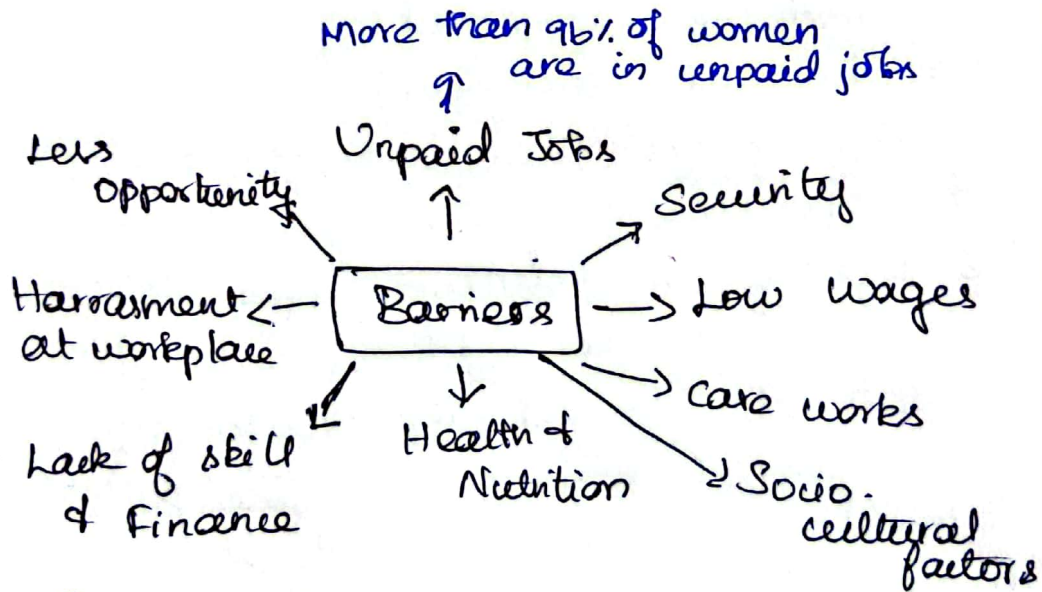
उम्मीदवारों को इस हाशिए में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

Women's Labour Force participation has to be increased to unleash the potential of women in the country

Women were entering into the higher education more than men in India. They are employable but not employed.

As we are celebrating our 75th independence year, our Prime Minister has also mentioned about using "Nari Sakthi" for the development of the Nation.

There are many barriers existing for women even they are well educated.



- Eventhough we have ~~see~~ prevention of sexual harrasment at workplace Act 2013, women are still facing abuse in the workplace and there is a lack of security.

- Skill development programs are not available for women in rural and semi-urban areas for engaging in other non-agricultural activities.



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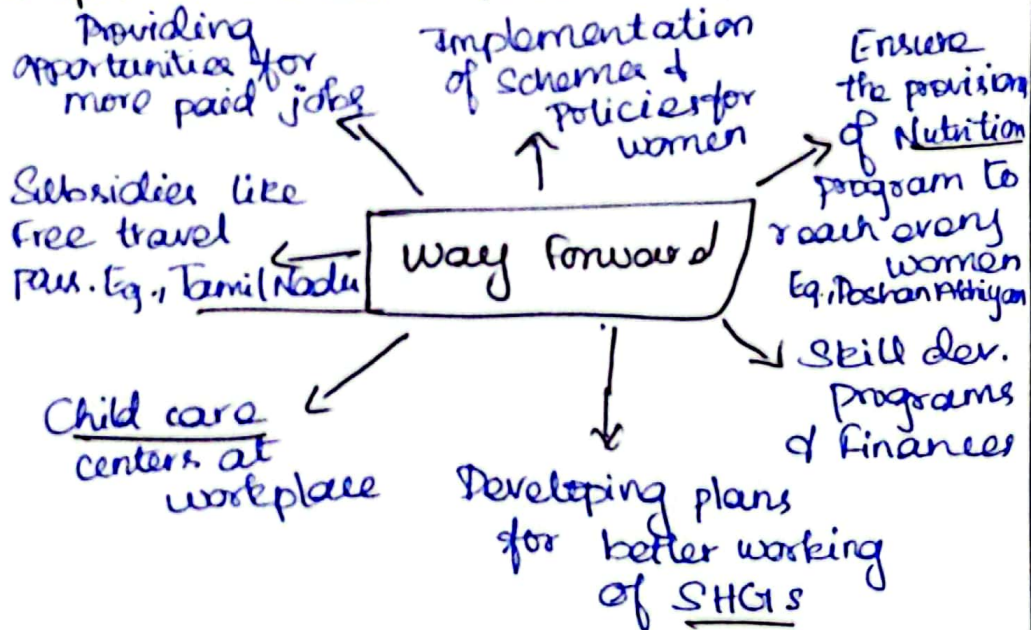
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- Wage gap between men and women are prevalent which discourages women to engage in economic activities.
- Nutrition is also a factor since most of the girls are suffered from Anemia in India.
- Opportunities are less for women from rural areas.

Global Gender Gap index 2022 provides a data that India ranks 135 out of 146 countries, which clearly a bad sign.

Steps to counter Gender Gap.



If the government ensures the participation of women in every sectors including politics & science & technology rather than the stereotypical women jobs, women's participation will help to increase the economy of India.